Newport Mercury.

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The Newport Mercury,

—PUBLISHED BY—

JOHN P. SANBORN,

172 Thames, Cor. Pelham St.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty first year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well-selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

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Local Matters.

POLO PRIZE MATCHES.

Exciting Contests Tuesday and Thursday Evenings—Hard Play, Reckless Riding and Serious Accidents—The Finals to be Played this Afternoon.

This has been a gala week for all lovers of good polo, and the Westchester grounds, "Deadhead Hill," and other prominent points, have been crowded with spectators each play afternoon. The games have been unusually good this season, from the start, and large and enthusiastic audiences have attended them, but this week a new and increased interest was created for the sport by making prize matches.

A $250 cup was offered, to be won in three matches as follows: First, Tuesday afternoon, between the Country Club and the Second Meadow Brooks; second, Thursday, between the Westchester Club and the First Meadow Brooks, and third, to-day, between the winners of the preceding days.

The first two matches were well contested, interesting, and, with the exception of Thursday's accidents, highly satisfactory. The teams of Tuesday's match, were made up as follows:

Country Club (Red)—E. C. Potter, captain; W. C. Sanford, Theo. A. Havemeyer, jr., F. O. Beach; Second Meadow Brooks (Blue)—E. L. Winthrop, jr., captain; J. L. Kernochan, R. D. Winthrop, Stanley Mortimer. F. H. Hitchcock, was the umpire. Twelve goals were played, resulting in a victory for the Meadow Brooks of 9 to 3.

The players in Thursday's contest were drawn as follows: Westchesters (yellow) — Foxhall Keene, captain; Elliot Zbrowski, August Belmont, jr., C. C. Baldwin, jr.; First Meadow Brooks (blue)—S. S. Sands, jr., captain; Thos. H. Hitchcock, jr., W. K. Thorn, O. W. Bird. F. O. Beach served as umpire. Mr. Baldwin was unable to play, and, there being no one to take his place, the Westchesters were forced to enter the contest heavily handicapped.

It was evident from the first that, with such odds against them, the yellows could not hope to lead, and the first two goals were quickly won for the Meadow Brooks by Hitchcock. The third however went to the Westchesters by a sharp play by Belmont. After this, the weaker team put themselves upon the defensive, determined to keep the blue score as small as possible. They fought hard and systematically and were constantly encouraged by enthusiastic applause from the audience. The first 20-minute interval of play expired with the fourth goal still undecided, and at the end of the ten minutes rest the struggle was renewed with even greater determination. Ten minutes more were consumed without any apparent advantage having been gained by either side. The players were becoming desperate and their riding grew more and more reckless every moment, until, in a hard struggle near the club, Count Zbrowski fouled Mr. Sands, and hurled the latter and his pony to the ground with such force that they rolled a distance of fully ten feet. Fortunately the force of the blow threw Mr. Sands from his saddle before the pony fell as otherwise he must have been crushed to death. As it was, neither the rider nor his pony were any the worse for the fall, and Mr. Sands, after pronouncing the accident the result of a foul, sprang into the saddle and regained his position in the fight.

It was hoped that this accident would have a modifying effect upon the excited players; but not so. Less than two minutes after it had happened another, and a far more serious one, occurred in which Mr. Zbrowski was the unfortunate victim. The ball had been sent up the rise to a point a little south of the centre, and Mr. Thorn spurred his Pony to its greatest speed in the hope of reaching it in advance of his opponents. Mr. Zbrowski also made an effort to reach the ball, and wheeling his Pony suddenly he came directly in front of Mr. Thorn and before the latter could pull up his pony or change his course, the two players came together. Mr. Zbrowski and his pony were thrown with such violence that for a moment neither moved. Then the pony regained his feet but his rider still lay motionless upon the ground. Mr. Thorn who had escaped injury hastened to the prostrate man as did hundreds of the spectators. Dr. Bacon was called and everything done that could be, but it was fully ten minutes before the Count recovered consciousness. He was then removed on a stretcher to the club and subsequently to his lodgings. He was badly hurt, but the doctor said no bones were broken.

Just as this accident occurred time was called on the second 20-minute interval, with the fourth goal still undecided, but when play was renewed on the third and last inning, the Westchesters having lost another man, it was evident that the Meadow Brooks would have everything their own way. And so it was. The fourth goal went to the blues by Mr. Hitchcock, as did also the fifth, sixth, eighth and tenth, and the seventh and ninth were won for the same color by Mr. Bird and Mr. Thorn respectively.

This gave the second match to the First Meadow Brooks, by a score of 9 to 1, thus making the contestants in today's match the First and Second Meadow Brooks. A good game may be expected.

Children's Fete and Tombola.

The Casino theatre was the scene of a delightful gathering Wednesday afternoon, the occasion being the third annual fete and tombola of the dancing class of Prof. J. H. Foster, of Newport and Paris. About seventy pupils were present, with a very large audience of mammas and interested friends. The little folks looked charming in their lovely dresses, mostly white with gay colored sashes and ribbons, with sailor suits the prevailing style among the boys. In the waltzes, polkas and mazurkas the little feet flew in and out in perfect time; and the Lanciers! The children of a larger growth, who blunder through them on Monday and Thursday evenings, might have profited by the sight of these little people, performing so accurately the figures of this ever-popular quadrille, at once so charmingly simple and so aggravatingly hard to remember.

The Ostendaise and the Grand March were very pretty and well performed. The Gavotte and Highland Reelrow were danced on the stage, the front of which was decorated with flowers, and which represented a very pretty scene. The latter dance was very gracefully done, but was rather short. The Gavotte was charming, and the four little couples went through the graceful motions with such perfect ease, that an enthusiastic *encore* from the large audience brought out a repetition of it. It is to be regretted that the day of these pretty dances has gone by.

There was shooting for the boys and bean-bag throwing for the girls, with prizes for the best shots, and just before the last dance, Mr. and Mrs. Santa Claus drove in among the amazed children on a tricycle, and gave a souvenir of the affair to every child who belonged to the class. Before going home, the children were invited to a small luncheon in the ladies' reception room. The colored lights thrown on the dancers were very effective, especially during the fancy dances on the stage.

Young People's Lawn Festival.

The members of the Young People's Society of the First Baptist church are making extensive preparations for their second annual two days' lawn festival, to be given on the church grounds on Spring street next Tuesday and Wednesday. The high character of the entertainments provided by this society in the past is too well known to the community at large to require any special mention in this case, beyond the fact that the committee in charge are determined, if possible, to make next week's entertainment their best. Dinners will be served each day from 12 to 3, and suppers from 5 to 8, and Wednesday's refreshments are to include one of Kaull's famous chowders. Artistic booths, for the sale of a variety of useful and fancy articles, will be arranged about the grounds and the entertainment will be a sort of picnic and fair combined.

Newport Citizens' Cup Race

The regatta of the New York Yacht Club for the valuable cups offered by the citizens of Newport will be sailed over one of the Goelet cups courses on Monday. This will be the third consecutive annual regatta for the citizens' cups and promises to be more brilliant than any that have preceded.

The fleet returned here yesterday and will lie here till Monday. On Tuesday after the Newport race the fleet will disband. The money raised for this regatta has been done chiefly by Mr. D. B. Fearing and has been contributed largely by the summer residents. There will be seven prizes in all, one for each class of yachts and the entries it is expected will be large.

School Committee.

The regular August meeting of the School committee was held Monday evening. There were nine members present. The list of teachers as reported by the committee on Teachers in June, and printed in the MERCURY at that time, was elected with the same salaries as last year. A change was made in the readers and in the copy books. The New Franklin readers being substituted for the readers which have been in the schools for the past eighteen years, and Harper's copy books are to be used hereafter instead of the Duntonian. It was voted that the school year begin Monday Sept. 3, and close July 3, with a week intermission at Christmas and Election and one week in March.

Messrs. Fay, Van Horne and Horton were appointed a committee to contract for the printing of the annual report.

Redmen's Day at Oakland Beach.

"Redmen's Day" was duly observed in this state Wednesday by a day's outing at Oakland Beach. The officers of the Great Council of the United States were present and Weenat Shassitt Tribe of this city was well represented. A Great Council of Rhode Island had been instituted in Providence, the day before, a fact which added much interest to the celebration. The officers of the Great Council of the State are:

Great Sachem—Clarence B. Mason, of Newport.
Great Senior Sagamore—Frank W. Taylor, of Providence.
Great Junior Sagamore—Elias E. Cox, of Providence.
Great Prophet—E. L. Freeman, of Central Falls.
Great Keeper of Records—John F. Clark, of Valley Falls.
Great Keeper of Wampum—George H. Allen, of Providence.
Great Representative—James H. Barney, of Newport.

Building Notes.

M. A. McCormick has built for J. J. Hickey, on Hammond st., a one-and-a-half story cottage, 23x29 feet, with piazza, cost $1500.

M. A. McCormick has built for J. J. Lynch, on Waite's wharf, a barn 27x50 feet and 16 feet high, cost $1800.

M. A. McCormick has built on Hammond st., for William Hammond, a two and-a-half story cottage, 35x24 feet, and L 14x7 feet, with piazza and bay window, and with some modern improvements; cost $3,000.

Grove Meeting.

Arrangements have been made with H. Carlisle to carry all who want to attend the Grove meetings to be held in Middletown commencing August 27th. The fair will be 10 cents each way. A large number of clergymen will be present and take part in the exercises. These meetings will be especially interesting this year.

Southwick's Grove Picnic.

Nearly three hundred and fifty children and others connected with the Grace chapel Sunday school enjoyed the picnic at Southwick's Grove on Thursday. It took nine large drags to take them all out there. At the grove the children enjoyed games, and other like amusements. A brief address was made by Mr. E. J. Herrick.

Yacht Race.

On Monday next, when the yacht race for the Newport cups takes place, the new and magnificent steamer Mount Hope will take parties from Newport who wish to follow the race. The fare on the Mount Hope will be one dollar each. This will be an excellent chance to see a fine race.

The sport of following the hounds is very popular this season, the semi-weekly meets being attended by hosts of summer people, both in the saddle and in carriages. Yesterday's meet was on Indian avenue and a fine run was enjoyed. The remaining four meets will be as follows: Monday, August 20, at Bryer's; Friday, August 24, at South Portsmouth postoffice; Monday, August 27, at Easton's Point; Friday, August 31, at Bryer's.

On and after Sunday Aug. 26, the First M. E. church will hold only one preaching service a day commencing at 10.45 A. M. On the third Sunday evening in each month there will be preaching at the usual hour of evening service. The Sunday school will meet at 2.30, and will take the place of the afternoon service.

At a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen Thursday evening, $250 were appropriated for quarintine purposes and it was voted to request the town of Middletown not to allow the placing of a burying ground near Easton's Pond.

At the Second Baptist Church the pastor will preach as usual at the afternoon service to-morrow, and in the evening will be given the third of the series of talks on the necessity for and significance of the recent Revision of the Scripture.

Rev. S. C. Hill, of Philadelphia, will officiate at Emmanuel church, where he was rector for several years, tomorrow.

THE YACHTS.

Mayflower and Sachem the Winners.

The yachts are coming in from New Bedford as we go to press. The Mayflower crossed the finish line at 2.30, the Puritan at 3.03, and the Sachem at 3.06, closely followed by the Katrina and the Bedouin.

The Charles E. Lawton Post clambake at Carr's Grove, Jamestown, on Thursday, was a complete success. There were nearly 600 people fed and the supply was ample for all. A large number of people went over on the early boats and spent the day there. Others went only to get their dinner and returned soon after. The members of the Woman's Relief Corps put in good work all day and rendered valuable assistance in making the entertainment a success.

The first of a series of grand private entertainments to be given by our cottagers, took place Wednesday night at Harbor View, the beautiful summer home of Mr. and Mrs. F. O. French. It was an elegant affair. The second in the series will be a ball at the Edgar cottage next Tuesday evening given by Mr. and Miss Hargous; the third will take place at the Van Alen villa on Thursday of next week, and the fourth will be given on the 28th by Mrs. J. W. Ellis, at "Stoneacre."

The winners in the Goelet cup yacht race, which was in progress at the time of our going to press last week, were the Volunteer, for the sloops and the Sachem, for the schooners. The run, which was to the Sow-and-Pigs light and return, was an exceeding slow one, owing to the want of wind, and the elapsed time of the two leading yachts was 8h. 21m. 30. and 8h. 40m. 48s. respectively.

Mr. Henry A. Townsend, to whose indefatigable labors and perfect familiarity with the subject, much of the increased prosperity of the Newport Young Men's Christian Association is due, has resigned the position of general secretary of that organization.

At the Shiloh Baptist church to-morrow the pastor, Rev. H. N. Jeter, will preach at 10.45, subject: "Christ Sitting over against the Treasury." Evening service as usual. Collections will be taken at each service, when it is hoped sufficient money will be received to pay off the church debt of $300.

Harmony Lodge, No. 5, I. O. O. F., of East Greenwich, will pay a fraternal visit to Rhode Island Lodge, No. 12, of this city, on Monday next. The reception committee includes Messrs. R. M. Pike, J. B. Libby, H. L. DeBlois. W. H. Wilcox, G. H. Burnham and Allan C. Griffith.

Mr. George A. Arnold of Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass., Mrs. Edwin C. Gardner, Swansea, Mass., Miss Edith Whitehead of Fall River, Mass., have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Arnold this week.

The First Baptist church on Spring street, Tuesday evening, was the scene of an exceedingly interesting musicale, given by the members of the Young People's Society. It was largely attended and the programme highly appreciated.

Mr. George Riddle's readings at the Casino Theatre Thursday morning were listened to by an average audience. The entertainment was first-class and highly appreciated by all attending. The distinguished reader is a great favorite with our summer people.

Dr. Arthur O'Shea, of Newport and New York, and a party of friends, have been enjoying the novel sport of sword fishing, this week, off Block Island. They report excellent luck and a thoroughly good time.

The steamer Mount Hope makes three trips a week to Block Island from Newport, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. On Fridays the boat leaves here at 10 A. M. On Tuesdays and Saturdays at 10.45 A. M.

At the annual meeting of the Newport Reading Room corporation, Wednesday, the old board of officers were re-elected with the exception of Mr. Robbins, as one of the governors, whose place was filled by the re-election of Mr. Theo. A. Havemeyer.

At the Bassett Mission to-morrow there will be praise service and speaking at 7.45 P. M. Mr. H. Townsend, of the Y. M. C. A. will be present.

There will be an open air meeting on Touro Park at 4.15 P. M. to-morrow under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. There will be good singing and interesting addresses. Gospel hymns will be used.

Rev. Mr. Barber, of Fall River, will preach at the Central Baptist church to-morrow morning at 10.45.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Saunders, of New Haven, are in town the guests of Mrs. A. A. Saunders on Thames street.

The National Tennis Tournament.

The annual tournament of the National Lawn Tennis Association will open at the Newport Casino on Monday and it is expected to prove the most interesting and important in the history of the sport. The entries include the following well-known players: Dr. James Dwight, Messrs. R. L. Beekman, H. W. Slocum, Jr., C. A. Chace, Howard A. Taylor, Gilbert M. Brinley, E. P. McMullen, Phil. Sears, O. S. Campbell, Foxhall Keene, F. L. V. Hoppin, W. B. Weeden, Fiske Warren and many others.

The tennis courts, thanks to the Casino management, were never in better condition and the players who have already arrived are highly pleased with the outlook. With Mr. R. C. Sears out of the field the winner of the championship cannot be named, and this is an interesting feature which the tournament has lacked for several years.

Real Estate Sales.

Mrs. Wm. H. Ashhurst has sold a lot of 4000 square feet of land on Lincoln street, to Hannah E. Wright for $10, etc.

Wm. P. Sheffield has bought at sheriff's sale the estate on Long wharf adjoining lands late of the late E. S. Allen and of Edward Davis.

Fred. W. Greene has sold the business estate No. 159 Thames street to Thomas S. Peckham, for $1, etc.

Catherine S. Frazier, of Providence, has sold an undivided one-half interest in a lot of land on Berkeley street, containing 3500 square feet, to Ellen F. Easterbrooks, of this city, for $1, etc.

Geo. Babcock Hazard has sold the estate bounded easterly on Thames street and westerly on the cove, to Rowland A. Hazard, for $1, etc.

William Thurston has sold 5000 square feet of land on Thurston avenue to Mrs. Thomas L. Bain, for $800.

W. J. H. and Mary C. Allman have sold the estate on Poplar street and a way leading from Poplar street, including 1000 feet of land and buildings, to S. T. H. Allman, for $1, etc.

A Gold Badge.

The General Association of the Northern Mutual Relief Association have voted to Mr. John J. Peckham a gold badge for his efficient services in getting new members into the order. The following was the vote of the Directors at a late meeting in Boston:

The gold badge offered by the directors for the best work by any member of the Order during the year has been awarded to Mr. John J. Peckham, of Newport, R. I., who added fifteen members to his Associates. Mr. John T. Howarth, of Lawrence, Mass., is entitled to honorable mention, having added fourteen members to his Associates in the [illegible]

So[illegible] Corrected.

[illegible] Editor:

In a late edition of the Daily News a correspondent who signs himself "A Friend to our Schools" writes as follows:

"Already it is hinted that teachers are sometimes employed whose chief recommendation is the support of some influential individual and who are unfit for the positions they occupy."

Now, I as you know, Mr. Editor, was a member of the School board, for many years, and I challenge that correspondent or any person living to present the first particle of evidence to support the infamous insinuation made above. I served on that board too with the gentlemen whom the correspondent eulogizes so highly and while I would not in the least disparage their efforts in behalf of our schools, yet I believe that Newport never had an abler school board than it has at the present time, neither did the city ever have a school board the members of which took more interest in the welfare of the schools than this board.

AN OLD TIME MEMBER.

Pyramid Temple, Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Bridgeport, Conn., will start on a four days' pilgrimage next week on board the steamer Elm City. They will visit Newport on Friday and be received by Palestine Temple and given a drive over Ocean avenue and to the various points of interest about the city and suburbs. From here the visitors will go to Silver Spring for a Rhode Island clambake.

Mr. John Eldred, formerly of this city, but at present holding a responsible position in the large wholesale house of E. A. Robinson, Chicago, has been enjoying his annual vacation. He is the guest of his mother on Church street.

Mr. Fred P. Sands, of this city, vice commodore of the Rhode Island Yacht Club, has presented a handsome silver cup, made by the Gorham Manufacturing Company, for the winner of one class in the open regatta club, to be held off the club house, Pawtuxet, on Monday, August 27.

Washington Commandery, No. 4, of K. T., has appointed a committee to arrange for a visit to different cities in Massachusetts next month.

Newport in 1776.

Continued.

Newport Mercury of May 20, 1776—half sheet.

Friday last sailed from Sandy Hook, and supposed for Halifax, his Majesty's sloop of war, the Nautilus, with the ship Lady Gage, 4 brigs, and 2 sloops. Phœnix and Duchess of Gordon are at the Hook, and the Asia lies between the banks, about 8 miles from the Narrows.

May 9, 1776. A few days ago arrived at Philadelphia from France, 11 tons of gunpowder, and 20 tons of saltpetre.

Yesterday afternoon two shells were discharged from the large mortar called the Congress, as a further proof of her.

Philadelphia, Sunday evening, May 5, 1776. "This day arrived by land from Cape May, (where his sloop is arrived safe in five weeks from France, with 26,000lbs. powder, 25 tons of saltpetre, and 40 arms) Capt. Young of New York. A schooner with goods from Hispaniola, and a pilot boat with dry goods from St. Croix, are both run ashore to escape the tenders, but their cargoes are saved."

Capt. Young has brought with him an Irish paper of the 2d of March, by which we know who the commissioners are, and their number, viz. The Hessians, Brunswickers, Waldeckers, Hanoverians, English, Scotch and Irish troops, to the tune of 45,000. This, I think, gives the *Coup de Grace* to the British and American connexion. It has already wrought wonders in this city; conversion have been more rapid than ever happened under Mr. Whitefield.

Hartford, April 8, 1776. Last Thursday a fine company of matrosses, raised in this colony, and commanded by Major Bigelow, marched from this place for Quebec.

Extract of a letter from North Carolina, dated Halifax, April 22d, 1776. "A few days past a ten gun sloop commanded by Capt. Wright, (the same who met with so warm a reception at Hamptons, in Virginia) and a sloop of six guns, commanded by that infamous old piratical scoundrel John Goodrich, one of the parties of Lord Dunmore and company, came over Ocracock-bar, in this province, and took 4 vessels outward bound. The ten gun sloop went immediately to sea with two of the prizes. The wind not being fair, Capt. Goodrich's sloop and the other two prizes remained within the bar. Twenty-three men, headed by a brave young man (Benjamin Bonner of Pamlico-river) in 4 whale boats, boarded the old pirate sloop of six guns, sword in hand, possessed themselves of her and the whole crew, with a tolerable cargo of valuable articles. They also retook the two prizes. Seven of Goodrich's negroes, a Capt. George Blair of the Queen's own royal regiment of Blacks, and a soldier of the 14th regiment, are among the prisoners. The sloop and two prizes are arrived safe at Newbern, Capt. Goodrich. Capt. Blair, the soldier and negroes are within 15 miles of the Halifax jail.

May 9, 1776. On Sunday last Capt. Barry in the brig Lexington, returned from a cruise against the pirates. On Sunday the 20th ult., at break of day, he discovered a fleet of 17 ships, when three of them gave him chace, two of which he soon run out of sight, the other, a very large ship of war, kept up the chace for several hours.

Extract of a letter from an officer at Port George, April 20, 1776. "We came here two days ago, and found the Lake still closed with ice; yesterday it all vanished, when Dr. Franklin and the other Delegates immediately embarked on board batteaus and crossed the lake. Our regiment, with sundry other troops from New England and the Jerseys, set out at day break tomorrow morning. The whole of the troops that are now on the Lake and here, will amount to upwards of 1500 men; so that I think we shall make a very respectable figure before Quebec, when we all arrive; and I hope we shall not lay long there, but endeavor immediately to see what the inside is made of."

The Roebuck and Liverpool men-of-war attempting to come up our river on Wednesday last, were attacked by the gondolas off Christeen, when a heavy cannonade ensued on both sides, and continued for three hours without intermission. With the ebb tide the ships thought proper to retire, when the Roebuck ran aground on the Jersey shore, and continued there some time with the Liverpool abreast of her. Thursday evening the engagement was renewed, and continued some hours, when the ships retired below Newcastle, having it is thought received a good deal of damage. Both the Roebuck and Liverpool were hulled several times. During the time the Roebuck was aground, the Wasp schooner, which had been chased into Christeen by the Liverpool, came out, and retook a brig that the Liverpool had taken the day preceding. By the best accounts, too much praise cannot be given to the officers and men on board the gondolas, who behaved with the greatest courage and prudence. They have received very little if any damage.

In committee of Safety, May 1, 1776. The sisterhood of Bethlehem having presented this board with a quantity of linen rags, for the benefit of such as may be wounded in the service of their country, Resolved, That this instance of their humanity be thankfully acknowledged. William Gavett, Sec.

New Haven, May 8, 1776. Henry Edwin Stanhope, and George Gregory, the two prisoners advertised in our last to have absconded from Northampton, have since been taken at Middletown, where they had taken passage on board a vessel bound to the Mississippi—they are now (we hear) obliged to take up with close quarters in Northampton jail.

The above persons had concealed themselves in a cave, near the river in Middletown, where they were fed by one Wetmore of that place, and were to wait there till the vessel was ready to sail, Wetmore is in close confinement in Hartford jail.

JAMES C. SWAN.

to be continued.

Mr. Peter McManus, one of the editors of the Fall River Herald, and Miss Mary McCann, of this city, were united in marriage at St. Joseph's church Monday morning, and in the afternoon left for their future home in the Border City.

CITY BRIEFS.

Jottings of Newport and Newporters.

The U. S. S. Constellation spent Sunday in our harbor.

Col. and Mrs. Henry T. Sisson, of Little Compton, have been in town this week.

Ex-Mayor Wm. J. Swinburne left town Tuesday for a three weeks' tour of the West.

Captain T. O. Selfridge has been detached from the Naval War College and placed on waiting orders.

Alfred Gallup, Esq., of Morehead City, N. C., is stopping at the Ferry House.

Mr. W. Phillips, editor of the Elite, of New York, and wife, are stopping at the Ocean House.

Rev. E. F. Jones, formerly pastor of the Thames street Methodist church, is in town.

Mr. Coleman, formerly of this city but now of Little Rock, Ark., is in town on business.

The Shiloh Baptist church and Sunday School will make their annual excursion to Rocky Point next Tuesday.

Company B. 2d Bat., R. I. M. (Newport Infantry), returned from their annual outing Saturday evening.

Capt. C. H. Colt's schooner yacht Dauntless was badly dismantled Monday at New Bedford.

Mr. W. B. Duncan, Jr., has been at "Stoneacre" this week, the guest of Mr. John W. Ellis.

The First Presbyterian church, in this city, has received a check for $100 from Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. William Kirkus, née Langley, of Washington, are visiting Newport friends.

Mr. Patrick J. Galvin offers at public auction, Aug. 20, the Dudford estate on Warner street.

Mrs. John Austin Stevens has as a guest at her Rhode Island avenue cottage, Mrs. R. H. Thompson, of Troy, N. Y.

The Second Baptist Improvement Society gave an interesting and well attended musicale at Masonic Hall Thursday.

Mr. J. B. Barnaby of Providence, has resigned from the Democratic National Committee and Col. Honey has been appointed in his place.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt who had such a narrow escape from being killed by a run away team, early in the week, is now doing well and will soon be fully recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Hazard are entertaining guests from Providence and San Francisco this week, at their cottage on Bay View avenue.

The members of Roger Williams Lodge, Sons of St. George, are arranging for a grand picnic to be given near the close of the present month.

The members of Clan McGregor, Order of Scottish Chiefs, of this city, will make an excursion to Oakland Beach a week from next Wednesday.

The Misses Jordan, of Auburn, Me., have been in town this week, the guests of Miss Lizzie and Miss Sadie Bryer.

The Catholic Benevolent Legion of this city, will take a large party to Rocky Point next Thursday, on its annual excursion.

There will be a lecture in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday evening, August 20th, by, Rev. Mr. Richardson, of Goshen, N. Y. All are welcome.

Count and Countess Suzannet, née French, are at the Knower cottage on Bellevue avenue, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Abel French.

Mr. Michael F. Dooley, of Hartford, Conn., National Bank Examiner for Connecticut and Rhode Island, has been in town this week examining the National banks of Newport.

Rev. Dr. C. C. Wallace of Newburyport, Mass., will preach at the First Presbyterian church (Grace Chapel), tomorrow morning at 10.45, afternoon, at 4.00. All are welcome.

Steam fire engine No. 1, in charge of Mr. J. E. Lake of the Board of Firewards, was occupied Thursday morning in pumping the water from the large cistern of Mr. Robert Goelet's on Narragansett avenue.

Mr. Patrick J. Galvin leaves to-day for Elliott, Maine, to take part by special invitation in the opening of the public library at that place. The other speakers will include many of the most distinguished men of New England.

Rev. Frank Rector will preach in the First Baptist church at 10.45 A. M. Young people's prayer meeting at 7 P. M., subject "Meditation." Preaching by the pastor at 7.30 P. M., subject "Epistle to the Colossians."

Poetry.

Grant, Sherman, Sheridan.

Written on the Death of Sheridan, Aug., 1888.

BY RICHARD WATSON GILDER.

Quietly, like a child
That sinks in slumber mild,
No pain or troubled thought his well earned peace to mar,
Sank into endless rest our thunder-bolt of war.

Though his the power to smite,
Quick as the lightning's light,—
His single arm an army, and his name a host,
Not his the love of blood, the warrior's cruel boast.

But in the battle's fame
How glorious he came!—
Even like a white-combed wave that breaks and tears the shore,
While wreck lies strewn behind, and terror flies before.

'Twas he,—his voice, his might,—
Could stay the panic-flight,
Alone shame back the headlong, many-leagued retreat,
And turn to evening triumph morning's foul defeat.

He was our modern Mars,
Yet firm his faith that wars
Erelong would cease to vex the sad ensanguined earth,
And peace forever reign, as at Christ's holy birth.

Blest land, in whose dark hour
Doth rise to mightiest power
No dazzler of the sword to play the tyrant's part,
But patriot-soldiers, true and pure and high of heart!

Of such our chief of all;
And he who broke the wall
Of civil strife in twain, no more to build or mend;
And he who hath this day made Death his faithful friend.

And now above his tomb
From out the eternal gloom
"Welcome" his chieftain's voice sounds o'er the cannon's knell;
And of the three one only stays to say "Farewell!"

—[The Critic of Aug. 18.

Selected Tale.

SUDDEN CHANGE OF FORTUNE

A PLAIN STATEMENT OF FACTS.

Some sixty-five or seventy years ago, a vessel from Boston arrived at one of the wharves in London. Among the hands on board was one by the name of Tudor, a steady, respectable, and well-looking young man, who acted in the capacity of both cooper and sailor. Very early one morning, and before any other hand than Tudor had come upon deck, a young, beautiful, and tolerably well dressed female, came tripping down the street to the vessel, and inquired of Tudor for the Captain. She was told he had not yet arose, but she insisted upon seeing him, without delay, and with Tudor's permission, proceeded, unaccompanied, to his berth, and arousing him, addressed him with:

"Good morning, Captain, I have called to see if you will marry me."

"Marry you!" replied the astonished Captain, believing her to be of a suspicious character, "leave my vessel instantly, if you know what is for your interest."

She then went to the mate's berth, and asked him if he would marry her, and receiving an answer similar to the captain's, she went upon deck, where Tudor was engaged in some business, and put the same question to him.

"With all my heart," answered Tudor, in a half-serious, half-jocular manner.

"Then come along with me."

Tudor left his work and followed her, with motives which he afterwards declared he could never satisfactorily account for, even to himself. By the time they had reached the principal streets of the city, many of the shops had been opened. The lady entered a barber's shop, followed by Tudor, beckoned him to be seated, and ordered the knight of the razor to take off his beard and hair, both of which operations he unquestionably greatly stood in need of. She footed the bill, and they left the shop, but soon entered a hat store. She requested that the best lot of beavers in the store might be placed upon the counter, and then told Tudor to select such a one as suited him. He soon did this, and the price was paid by the lady; Tudor threw aside his old tarpawling and left the store, with his companion, in a beaver that would not have disgraced his Majesty the King himself. They next visited a shoe store, where Tudor was not long in selecting a pair of boots, nor the lady in paying for them.

Tudor by this time was puzzled to divine the object the lady had in view, and, it must be acknowledged, he was apprehensive all was not right. But fully aware that he had committed no crime to make him dread the face of any mortal, and wishing to see the end of the farce which he considered had then fairly commenced, he was determined to press forward, prepared for the worst, trusting everything to his guide and companion. He solicited from the lady an explanation of her designs, but she told him to be silent and ask no questions, and immediately led the way into a clothing store. Here Tudor was told to select the best suit of clothes in the store that fitted him, with corresponding articles of clothing; and the sailor in his doublet, tar-bedaubed pantaloons, and chequered shirt, was in a few minutes metamorphosed into as fine a gentleman, as far as appearance is concerned, as had walked the streets of that great metropolis for many a day. The bill at this place, as at the others, was paid by the lady.

Tudor's amazement was now complete. He neither knew what to say or think. Who the lady was, what her intentions were, he could not even surmise. He again asked for an explanation, and insisted upon one: but the only answer he received was—

"Follow me, and be not alarmed, and all will be explained hereafter to your entire satisfaction."

One thing Tudor was obliged to acknowledge—the lady thus far had done by him as well as he could have wished; he therefore resolved to ask no more questions, and to comply with all her requests and demands. Presently, she conducted him into a magistrate's office, and politely requested the minister of the law to unite her and her companion in the bonds of matrimony! This was something of a *damper* to Tudor, but nevertheless he tacitly yielded: the ceremony was soon commenced and in two seconds the couple were pronounced *man and wife*!

Without uttering a word, or even exchanging a kiss, Tudor and his wife now left the magistrate's, but not, however, until she had given the latter a sovereign for his services. The couple passed through many streets in silence, Tudor hardly knowing what he was doing, or what he had done, and certainly ignorant of where he was going, or what awaited him; and of the thoughts that occupied his wife's mind, the reader will soon be able to judge for himself. Turning the corner of a street, Tudor beheld, a few rods in front of him, a splendid dwelling, towards which his wife seemed to direct her footsteps as well as his own, and into the front of which they indeed soon entered. The room into which Tudor was ushered by his wife, was furnished in a style of the greatest magnificence. She set him a chair, telling him to make himself contented for a minute or two, and then passed into another room.

The first one here to address her was her uncle, who, on seeing her enter the room, jumped in astonishment from his chair, and calling her by name, demanded how she had escaped from her room, and where she had been. She only said:

"Thou fiend in human shape! I allow you just one hour to remove your effects from this house. The actual possession of my property here you have long deprived me of, and vainly thought you had made arrangements by which you could deprive me of it through life; but I have frustrated your wicked designs—I am now mistress of my own house, I was this moment married, and my husband is now in the front room!"

I must now leave the newly married couple for a short time, for the purpose of reverting to the previous history of Mrs. Tudor. She was the only child of a very wealthy gentleman, whom I shall designate as a Mr. A. not recollecting his actual name, and for the same reason, I shall give to his daughter the name of Eliza. He had spared neither time nor expense in the education of his daughter, she being the only object of his care and regard, his wife having died when she was quite young; and before his death, which took place when she was 14 or 15 years of age, he had the satisfaction of witnessing in her one of the most accomplished and beautiful young ladies of London.

A short time previous to his death, an arrangement was entered into between Mr. A. and a brother of his, giving the latter the possession of his house, servants, &c., and such other property as had not been deposited in bank for the benefit of his daughter, till the time of her marriage when the possession of them was to be given up to her husband. It was also a condition of the agreement, that in case Eliza died without marrying, the property was to go to her uncle and his family.

Immediately after the death of Mr. A., his brother removed into his dwelling; Eliza boarded in his family; and everything went on agreeably for some months, when Eliza discovered in her uncle and his family, the manifestations that she should never marry—the reasons for which, from what had already been said, must be obvious to every reader. Unluckily for Eliza she did not discover the diabolical plot in season to frustrate it in its bud. It was nothing less than this; to shut her up in one of the centre rooms in the third story of the house; to prevent her leaving it by keeping the doors and windows thoroughly bolted, and to refuse her the company of her associates, by telling them when they called, that she was either at school, or was at some of the shops on business, or had just stepped out to see a friend or had taken a ride into the country for her health, and to see some of her relations, or by telling them something else equally destitute of truth.

Eliza generally received her meals through a small door in the ceiling, from the hands of her unfeeling aunt, to whom her cries for liberation from her lonely and dismal prison house, were no more effectual than they would have been had they been directed to the idle wind.

Three years was the unfortunate girl thus shut out from all communication with the world, when one morning her scanty breakfast was carried to her by an old female servant of her father, Eliza once more discovered the face of her old friend and servant—burst into tears, and attempted several times to speak, but was unable to. Juan well understood the meaning of those incoherent sobbings, and said, herself almost unable to speak from emotion, "Hush, hush, Eliza, Mistress; speak not; I understand all. Your tyrant aunt was taken suddenly ill last night, and the doctor says it is doubtful whether she long survives. I will see you again at noon, and at evening. Some of your old servants have long been planning means for your escape, and are now in hopes of effecting it;" and without waiting for Eliza's thanks and blessings, tripped down stairs.

Eliza, though unable for some time to partake of her simple repast, did so at last with a better zest than she ever had before. Her old servants were still about the house, and were bent on her rescue! Most welcome, soul, inspiring intelligence!

"What!" said she to herself, "is it possible that I am to be delivered from this vile place of confinement? Is it possible that there lives one who seeks my liberation and happiness? Is it possible that all connected with this establishment—*my own establishment*—do not possess hearts of adamant? God speed thee, Juan, and thy associates, in thy work of love and mercy!"

It is unnecessary to detail all the minutia of the scheme for Eliza's escape, and the several interviews between her and Juan, for the three days she supplied Eliza with her meals. Suffice it to say, that on the evening of the fourth day after the above interview, Eliza was furnished with an instrument to unbar her window, and was promised a rope ladder on the following evening to effect a descent from one of the windows in the adjoining room; but having loosened the bars the same evening the instrument for that purpose was put into her hands, she determined not to wait till the following evening for the promised ladder, not knowing but the plot might be discovered by her uncle, or by some of his children: and she accordingly went to work, making a rope, (if such it may be called) from her bed clothes, by tearing them into strips and tying the ends together. After a few hours labor, she completed her rope, but fearing it might not be strong enough to support her, it was some time before she dared attempt a descent. But preferring death to a longer confinement, and fearing that she might be detected, she resolved to make the attempt, resigning her fate into the hands of Him who is the orphan's friend. She did make the attempt, and was successful. Yes, she was now liberated from a prison in her own house, where for "filthy lucre's sake," she had been confined by her own uncle, and once more breathed the pure air of freedom. This was about daylight. She immediately beat her steps towards the dock where the Boston vessel lay; and from that period in her life till she ushered her husband into her own house, the reader has already an account.

The surprised and horror-stricken uncle stood in mute astonishment for some moments, after being informed by Eliza of her marriage. She again repeated the command, "Leave my house in an hour, thou monster!" and then returned to her husband, where the promised explanation was made.

The amazement of Tudor, and the transports of his wife, at this *sudden change in their fortunes and conditions*, may possibly be conceived, but they cannot be expressed. Being incompetant to the task, I will not attempt to describe the scenes that successively followed the embraces of the happy couple, and the kisses exchanged—the joy of the faithful servants at seeing their young mistress once more set at liberty—the chagrin, mortification and decampment of the inhuman uncle and his family—the congratulations of old friends and acquaintances—the parties that were given by Mrs. Tudor, as well as those attended by her and her husband—their many pleasant rides into the country, &c. &c.

One pleasant morning, some four or five days after the marriage, the attention of the officers and hands belonging to the Boston vessel, was directed to a splendid carriage, drawn by two cream colored horses, richly caprisoned, which was approaching the wharf, and in a few moments halted immediately in front of the vessel. The driver dismounted from the box, and let down the steps of the carriage; a gentleman gorgeously dressed, stepped out, and assisted a lady with corresponding habiliments, to alight; they then stepped on board the vessel, when the gentleman asked the captain what port he was from, how many days he was in performing the passage, when he intended to return, the amount of fare for passengers, and other questions of a like nature, and receiving appropriate answers to the same, asked leave to examine the cabins and other accommodations of the vessel, (all the while avoiding as far as possible, the captain) which were very courteously shown him. He then observed that he and his lady, had some thoughts of soon starting for America, in case they concluded to do so, assuring the captain they would take passage with him. They then left the cabin, but before leaving the vessel, the gentleman turned to the captain and said—

"Capt. ——, (calling him by name,) before leaving your vessel permit me to *make you acquainted with Mrs. Tudor!*"

It was not till this moment that the captain and those around him, recognized in the elegantly dressed gentleman their old friend and companion, *Tudor, the Cooper!*—they supposing, that some sad, if not fatal accident, had befallen him. I once more leave the reader to judge of the congratulations that now followed, and of the healths that were drank.

The remainder of my sketch is soon told. Tudor distributed the wages coming to him with his old associates—bade them good by, but not, however, until he had extracted a promise from the captain and his crew, to call as often as convenient upon him, before sailing—left the vessel and entered his carriage, and was driven to his own door.

Tudor and his wife lived through life upon the most amicable terms, and were blessed with prosperity, and an obedient and respected circle of children.—Some years after his marriage, he returned, accompanied by his wife, to his native place, Boston, where he built two or three wharves, that bear his name to this day. They afterwards returned to London, where they died as they had lived since their union, honored and respected by all who enjoyed their acquaintance.

Why the New German Emperor Hates the English.

John Bull on his travels has acquired a most unenviable reputation throughout the world for arrogance and discourtesy, and, in fact, for objectionable conduct of a nature which is tersely and correctly described abroad as insular. Disagreeable though he be, he is a perfect angel in comparison to the English schoolboy or college "man," who for the purpose of acquiring foreign languages, has been placed under the care of some private tutor—generally a declasse English clergyman—in one of the provincial towns of Germany, Switzerland or France. It is impossible to conceive a more unruly, noisy and rough lot than these young men and boys, many of whom have been expelled for misconduct from the public schools in England; and with their undisguised contempt for everything foreign and their absolute lack of reverence, regard or respect for anybody or anything abroad, they constitute a holy terror to the inhabitants of the towns which they inflict with their presence.

It is to these English college "men" and boys that is mainly attributed the intense and notorious hatred of the young Emperor William for everything pertaining to Great Britain. They rendered his life at Bonn perfect misery and torture to him. During the whole period of his school years in that pretty town on the banks of the Rhine he was a butt of their practical jokes, an object of their ridicule and contempt and repeatedly exposed to the grossest kind of insults at their hands.

To give a solitary instance thereof it will be sufficient to state that no matter at what hour he set aside for his swim in the river his young English tormentors would always make a point of taking their dip at the same time and of indulging in the roughest kind of horse play. Thus, no sooner would Prince William take his header off the diving board than several of them would immediately plunge, as if by accident, on top of him and prevent him from coming to the surface. This was all the more cruel as, owing to the fact of his left arm being withered and utterly useless, the poor body was, and in fact still is, little better than a cripple.

These and a thousand other petty insults he patiently bore in stoical silence and without appearing to take any notice thereof, a fact which enraged his tormentors and always stimulated them to the perpetration of fresh outrages. That, however, he has not forgotten or forgiven their behavior has been frequently and openly shown since he has become a power in the land, by his extreme and publicly shown dislike for everything English.—[Berlin Letter to N. Y. Times.

He Knew a Freshet.

It is quite natural for travellers in foreign lands to compare objects seen there with similar ones at home, though, in fact, these comparisons are sometimes amusing, as in the following anecdote:

An American traveller, while in Venice, chanced to meet a fellow-countryman, and entered into conversation. The stranger was from the Mississippi River bottoms.

"What do you think of Venice?" asked our American friend.

"Wall, I don't reckon I oughter express my opinion now, for I didn't git here till after the overflow, an' haint had a chance to see the town; but, as the water 'pears to be on the stand still, I reckon it'll begin to go down putty soon; but 'low that when she starts, she'll go down right smart."

"My gracious, man, this is not an overflow!"

"Then it's about as lively a freshet as ever I seed. In our country, when we have to paddle round the streets in canoes, we call it a putty good overflow."

"You don't understand. This is Venice, and the water is always here."

"You don't say so? An' does the government have to issue rations to all these folks?"

"Of course not. This town was built this way to"—

"Wall, that might be, but I call it a overflow all the same; but if it aint goin' to fall enough for me to see the town, I reckon I'd better go. This is the blamedest swamp I ever seed!"

The roses of pleasure seldom last long enough to adorn the brow of him who plucks them, for they are the only roses which do not retain their sweetness after they have lost their beauty.

The "Darby Ring."

When I was young, it was common to hear boys upon the skating ponds speak of "cutting the Darby," by which expression they were supposed to indicate a swift ring movement upon the ice. The term, I believe, is still used, although comparatively few people may be acquainted with its origin. It came into use through a very singular occurrence, which for the time was the one great local event of a considerable farming and maritime region stretching along the northeastern shore of Narragansett Bay.

In the summer of 1798, many respectable persons, whose homes were in the pleasant towns of Bristol, Warren and Barrington, R. I., together with some few in the neighboring communities of Swansea and Rehoboth, Mass., were made the victims of a queer delusion.

A short time previous, a man named Darby, or Derby—the first being the form generally accepted my tradition—had come to Warren from some part of Connecticut, taken up his abode in the town, and opened a school. As he was a person of pleasing address, he soon became a decided favorite with the honest sea-captains and farmers, who constituted the "solid men" of a population rural and commercial.

A keen judge of human nature, he knew how to adapt his speech to suit the character of the person whose sympathies he wished to engage; while the fact that he was a schoolmaster, made his utterances oracular to a degree with a people to whom the "Columbiad" of good Joel Barlow was the only known classic.

He was fond of conversing upon mineralogy; and thence gliding easily into necromancy and kindred subjects, he would dwell upon the possibility of unearthing buried treasure through the exercise of some mysterious art akin to the supernatural.

With abundant citations and authorities at his tongue's end, he would call up the traditions of Kidd, Bellamy and other freebooters, and show how probable it was that much of their ill-gotten gains remained somewhere hidden about the New England shores.

In the course of a few months he had wormed himself into the confidence of a number of social and substantial people—but he always chose for his intimate friends those who had property.

The generation of our great-grandfathers must have been much more credulous than our own, for it is agreed upon all sides that the crafty adventurer met with no difficulty in obtaining converts to his pretended golden views. His operations were systematized more and more, till they extended from Warren to the neighboring towns, where he readily found those who became eager to sit at the feet of one possessed of so much mystic learning.

Thus the plans of the schemer progressed to his complete satisfaction, until the Darbyites" began to hold regular night gatherings with a view to a more complete organization, and for the perfecting of certain necessary charms. It appears surprising that in so short a time he should have been able to find so many victims, all of excellent character and social position. Of course, the "Nobodies," as the uninvited were called, were not wanted—and it was this class which stood off and hooted at the "Somebodies."

The imposter was not long in giving his adherents to understand that nothing could be effected without money—metal must be made to attract metal. And, however close fisted they may have been in the ordinary affairs of life, the excited old farmers and shipmasters contributed liberally of their substance to further Darby's scheme. Would they not be repaid a thousandfold when the treasures of the "Adventure" galley, buried with many a charm by Kidd's own hand, should be given forth to the light of the moon?

Imagination must have wrought powerfully with them, giving their plodding, everyday hearts for the time a kind of poetry. No doubt they had wonderful dreams by night and day, and saw many a tempting vision:

"Wedges of gold, great anchors, heaps of pearl;
Inestimable stones, unvalued jewels."

And now came the placing of the famous "Darby Rings," one of which was situated near the main road between the villages of Warren and Bristol, and another at Mount Hope, once the home of the great Indian sachem, King Philip; while others still were, I believe, established.

The "Darby Ring" was merely a circle of some forty feet in diameter, about which the treasure, seekers, in single file, would follow their leader at a dog-trot, reciting some exceedingly silly jargon, and at times pausing to perform such grotesque and childish acts as at a more rational moment would have disgusted them. A part of my childhood was passed on the premises which embraced one of these; and although nearly forty years had then gone by since the feet of the Darbyites had paced its magic round, there were still visible some faint traces of what had been. The earth was a little depressed, and the outer edge of the circle showed something like a ridge.

It was in the southeast corner of an orchard; and, no doubt, the soft, golden buttercups sprang there in Darby's time, as they did when we children played about the spot years and years after.

The excitement was now at its height. Nothing was thought of among the dancing, prancing treasure-hunters, but Kidd, with his black flag and his kegs of broad doubloons. With wild enthusiasm they recited the lines of the old doggerel, wherein he recounts his fortune:

"I had ninety bars of gold,
As I sailed, as I sailed;
I had ninety bars of gold,
As I sailed;
I had ninety bars of gold,
And dollars manifold,
And riches uncontrolled,
As I sailed."

At each nightly meeting, they were required to carry in their hands sticks of witch-hazel, which were supposed to possess the power of enabling their holders to detect the presence of buried treasure. Thus each devotee had his little rod, carefully cut and trimmed in some deep old swamp, where he had sought it with a seriousness and intentness of purpose that one smiles to think upon.

How they must have looked capering about the ring, each with his stick of witch-hazel!—not boys, but men—grave, practical old fellows, some of whom had, perhaps, that very afternoon been hoeing corn in their own broad fields, and others taking account of cargoes of molasses and sugar at the village wharves.

That there might be no disposition to waver in the ranks, it was Darby's custom to cheer his retainers with encouraging words; and his smooth and confident tones were as reassuring to them as the "honk" of the leading gander to a flock of wild geese.

"Only be true to me," he would say, "and I will get the money," a remark, of which they saw the significance a great deal better afterwards than they did at the time.

Their case illustrated the homely aphorism that "they who dance must pay the fiddler."

They were subjected among other things to a constant expenditure for a certain wonderful kind of sand, costing sixteen dollars an ounce, which was indispensable to the success of Darby's magic, and which he alone could procure. It was this which was to unlock the secret of the old-time buccaneer.

Again and again the supply was exhausted, only to be again and again renewed; until it must have seemed, even to those patient trotters about the ring, that the spirit who guarded the pirate's gold could be nothing short of sand proof!

In the centre of the circle there was a hole several feet deep, into which the schoolmaster magician and his followers would successively pour small quantities of the precious material, during the intervals of their antics.

A sight more unique than that of these decent, well-meaning gentlemen, trotting about the enchanted ring, under the shadow of the apple trees, it would not be easy to imagine. Some of them were fat and duck-legged, others tall and lean; but each one kept his pace with tolerable accuracy to the music of the Darby chant.

The inexpressibly comic feature of the case was the entire *respectability* of the actors in this strange scene. They were householders, owners of broad farms and tall ships. Yet trot, trot, trot, they went, around and around, like so many mad dogs, in that old Bristol Neck orchard! They were required, upon going home, to write some strange characters with onion juice upon bits of paper, which were to be placed under their pillows as assistants to divination. The characters were, of course, invisible, but this did not effect their potency.

A paper called the Herald of the United States, was at the time published in Warren, and in its issue of August, 1798, we find a communication written while the Darby affair was in full blast; describing many of the performances, and expressing great disgust at the silliness of the delusion. From this it appears that not all our great-grandsires were trotters and prancers, but that some of them looked upon the matter very much as we would do to-day.

At last, even the credulous victims themselves began to lose patience, and whispers of discontent were passed from mouth to month. It was the beginning of one of those revolutions which never go backwards. It was discovered that the magic sand was obtained from Connecticut, and two trusty members of the circle were appointed to visit that State, for the purpose of gathering further information with regard to the mysterious mineral, which to eyes in some measure disenchanted, had already begun to assume a woefully common appearance.

The result of their mission was a complete exposure of the fraud. With but little difficulty they obtained an interview with the very person by whom the sand had been furnished, but who, however, disclaimed all knowledge of Darby's scheme. As to the magic itself, they discovered it to be a common burden of the sea-shore in the neighborhood of New London, although of a more silvery hue than the sand of the Narragansett shore—a difference which the wily imposter had turned to account through the simplicity of his followers.

And now arose the question as to what should be done with the recreant magician? Surrounded by his enraged dupes, he was still more than a match for them in subtlety of tongue.

"I never told you that you would get anything," he said. "What I did tell you was, that if you would only be true to me, I would get the money, and so I would have done!"

It was the generally received tradition that he was tarred and feathered, although this has sometimes been denied. It seems, however, almost certain that such a punishment was inflicted. The aged people whom the writer knew in his youth, never doubted it, and they related the occurrence with many details.

It was said that after the ordeal Darby took refuge in a cellar, where he passed the night on a bed of shavings, and dreadfully frightened an old colored woman who lived in the house, when she came down for kindlings in the morning.

No wonder! It must have been a fearfully grim apparition, which rose before her—a combination of tar and feathers, and long, streaming shavings! If she fled up the stairs faster than she had come down, she was certainly excusable. It was always said, however, by the good people who related these things, that Darby's dupes, for their incredible folly, were far more deserving of tar and feathers than himself.

What became of him after this strange episode is unknown. Half a century ago it was common to meet with aged people, who would be pointed out as having been among those who had pranced around the magic circle; but nothing could offend them more than an allusion to their peculiar experience.

Only one of the number, a bluff old shipmaster, with a voice like that of the sea, ever had the good sense to join in the laugh at his own expense, and turn the whole matter into ridicule.

"No," he said, when requested late in life to become a member of the Masonic Fraternity, "I belonged to one secret organization, and that was the Darby Society—I shan't join another!"

All the actors in the strange and silly drama have long been gone. They were neither fools nor knaves; but their story illustrates the ease with which human nature can be imposed upon.—[Youth's Companion.

Jealousy is a dreadful passion—it makes us tigers. The jealous always thirst for blood. At any moment when reason is a little weaker than usual, they are ready to kill the thing they hate, as the thing they love

There is a future for all who have the virtue to repent, and the energy to atone.

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To Get

days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla, knew what it was, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other. When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly

Hood's

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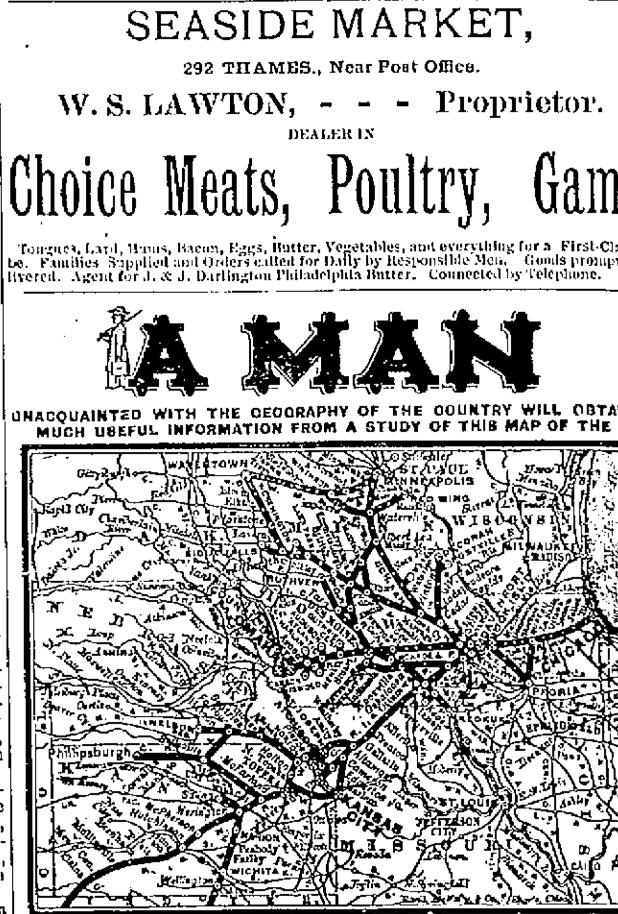
Tongues, Lard, Hams, Bacon, Eggs, Butter, Vegetables, and everything for a First-Class Table. Families Supplied and Orders called for Daily by Responsible Men. Goods promptly delivered. Agent for J. & J. Darlington Philadelphia Butter. Connected by Telephone.

A MAN

UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY WILL OBTAIN MUCH USEFUL INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y.

Its central position and close connection with Eastern Lines at Chicago and continuous lines at terminal points West, Northwest and Southwest, make it the true mid-link in that transcontinental chain of steel which unites the Atlantic and Pacific. Its main line and branches include Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, La Salle, Peoria, Geneseo, Moline and Rock Island, in Illinois; Davenport, Muscatine, Washington, Fairfield, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, West Liberty, Iowa City, Des Moines, Indianola, Winterset, Atlantic, Knoxville, Audubon, Harlan, Guthrie Centre and Council Bluffs, in Iowa; Gallatin, Trenton, Cameron, St. Joseph and Kansas City, in Missouri; Leavenworth and Atchison, in Kansas; Minneapolis and St. Paul, in Minnesota; Watertown and Sioux Falls, in Dakota, and many other prosperous towns and cities. It also offers a **SAFE** CHOICE OF ROUTES to and from the Pacific Coast and intermediate places, making all transfers in Union Depots. Fast Trains of fine DAY COACHES, elegant DINING CARS, magnificent PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS, and (between Chicago, St. Joseph, Atchison and Kansas City) restful RECLINING CHAIR CARS, seats FREE to holders of through first class tickets.

THE CHICAGO, KANSAS & NEBRASKA R'Y

(GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE)

Extends west and southwest from Kansas City and St. Joseph to Fairbury, Nelson, Horton, Topeka, Herington, Hutchinson, Wichita, Caldwell, and all points in southern Nebraska, interior Kansas and beyond. Entire passenger equipment of the celebrated Pullman manufacture. Solidly ballasted track of heavy steel rail. Iron and stone bridges. **SPEEDY** All safety appliances and modern improvements. Commodious, well built stations. Celerity, certainty, comfort and luxury assured.

THE FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE

Is the favorite between Chicago, Rock Island, Atchison, Kansas City, and Minneapolis and St. Paul. The tourist route to all Northern Summer Resorts. Its Watertown Branch traverses the most productive lands of the great "wheat and dairy belt" of Northern Iowa, Southwestern Minnesota and East-Central Dakota.

The short line, via Seneca and Kankakee, offers superior facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis and St. Paul. **RELIABLE**

For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or any desired information, apply to any Coupon Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address

E. ST. JOHN, General Manager. CHICAGO, ILL. E. A. HOLBROOK, Gen'l Ticket & Pass'r Agent.

"PERRY'S PLYMOUTH COAL,"

FRANKLIN OF LYKENS VALLEY,

SUSQUEHANA RED ASH,

OAK, MAPLE, WALNUT AND PINE WOOD, at the PEOPLE'S COAL YARD,

MAIN OFFICE 187 THAMES STREET.

PERRY ✻ BROTHERS.

C O A L

GARDINER B. REYNOLDS & Co.

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Dealers in the best varieties of

FAMILY AND STEAM COAL

always on hand.

OAK, HICKORY, PINE AND SOUTHERN PINE WOOD

carefully prepared and delivered.

WE KEEP

Talking about our CHAMBER SUITS because we think we have some worth talking about. We have just added five entirely new styles in ANTIQUE ASH which we should like to show you.

E. P. MARSH, 101 and 103 THAMES ST.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

Traveler's Directory.

Old Colony Steamboat Company.

Fall River Line

For New York,

THE SOUTH AND WEST.

Summer Arrangements.

Steamers PILGRIM, BRISTOL, PROVIDENCE and OLD COLONY in commission. Leave Newport at 9 P. M. Returning leave New York from Pier 28 N. R., foot of Murray street, as follows: 5.30 P. M. for Fall River direct. 6.15 P. M. for Newport and Fall River. The latter steamer remains at Newport until 5.15 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

A parlor car is run between Fall River and Newport, leaving steamer wharf at 5.10 A. M. Seats free to holders of N. Y. to Newport tickets via Fall River.

Sundays, leave Newport at 10 P. M. Leave New York at 5.30 P. M.

Annex Boat connection between Pier 28 and Brooklyn and Jersey City.

A fine concert is given on board steamers every evening by the splendid orchestra attached to each vessel.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen. Pass. Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport.

Newport & Wickford

Railroad and Steamboat Co.

SUMMER TIME TABLE

Between Newport, Boston, Providence and New York, beginning

MONDAY, JUNE 25, 1888,

via Newport and Wickford R. R. and Steamboat Co. and New York, Boston and Providence R. R.

Leave Newport at 7.30 A. M., arriving in New York 3.30 P. M.; New Haven 12.21 P. M.; New London 11.10 A. M.; Providence 9.15 A. M., and Boston 10.50 A. M.

Leave Newport at 10.20 A. M., arriving in New York 4.30 P.M.; New Haven 2.25 P. M.; New London 1.05 P. M.; Providence 12.15 P. M. and Worcester 2.15 P. M.

Leave Newport at 1.20 P. M., arriving in New York at 8.00 P. M.; New Haven 5.55 P. M.; New London 1.20 P. M.; Providence 3.15 P. M.; Worcester 6.60 P. M. and Boston 4.30 P. M.

Leave Newport at 4.15 P. M., arriving in New York at 11.00 P.M.; New Haven 9.00 P. M.; New London 7.45 P. M.; Providence 6.10 P. M.; Worcester 9.40 P. M.; Boston 8.00 P. M.

Leave Newport at 8.15 P. M., arriving in Providence 9.55 P.M. and Boston 11.00 P. M.

*Leave Newport at 11.15 P. M., arriving in New York 7.00 A. M.; New Haven 4.35 A. M.; New London 2.55 A. M.; Providence 5.35 A. M.; Worcester 3.02 A. M.; Boston 7.60 A. M.

*Leave New York 11.30 P. M.; New Haven 1.55 A. M.; New London 3.35 A. M.; Boston 11.30 P. M.; Providence 12.55 A. M.; arriving in Newport at 6.25 A. M.

Leave New York (Stonington Line) at 5 P. M., arriving in Newport at 6.25 A. M.

Leave New London 7.15 A. M.; Providence 8.00 A. M.; arriving in Newport at 9.55 A. M.

Leave New York at 5.00 A. M.; New Haven 7.50 A. M.; New London 10.05 A. M.; Boston 10.50 A. M.; Worcester 7.30 A. M.; Providence 11.10 A. M.; arriving in Newport at 1.00 P. M.

Leave New York at 10.00 A. M.; New Haven 12.05 P. M.; New London 1.25 P. M.; Boston 1.00 P. M.; Worcester 11.15 A. M.; Providence 2.29 P. M.; arriving in Newport at 4.10 P.M.

Leave New York at 1.00 P. M.; New Haven 3.65 P. M.; New London 4.30 P. M.; Providence 5.29 P. M.; arriving in Newport at 7.20 P. M.

Leave New York at 5.00 P. M., New Haven 7.65 P. M.; New London 8.15 P.M.; arriving in Newport at 10.40 P. M.

*Daily.

Drawing Room Cars to and from Wickford Landing. Also sleeping car except Monday night.

Tickets sold and baggage checked at steamer Eolus, Commercial Wharf, and Transfer Co.'s office, Travers' Block, Bellevue avenue. Drawing Room chairs and Sleeping Car berths can be procured at company's office, Commercial wharf.

J. R. GARDINER, Supt., Providence.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Narragansett Pier.

NAVIGATION LINE

—FROM—

Newport to New York

—VIA—

Narragansett Pier.

Commencing June 25, 1888,

Steamer Herman S. Caswell,

Leaves Newport for New York at 7.15, 10.00 A. M., and 2.00 P. M. Arriving in New York at 3.50, 4.30 and 11 P. M.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.

Newport and Narragansett Pier.

Leaves Newport at 7.15 and 10.00 A. M., 2.00 and 5.15 P. M. Leaves Narragansett Pier at 8.30 and 11.40 A. M., and 3.15 and 6.30 P. M.

Regular Fare	50c.
Round Trip	75c.

J. C. TUCKER, Jr., Agent.

JAMESTOWN FERRIES.

On and After Monday, July 2, 1888,

Steamers will run as follows:

Steamer Conanicut—Jamestown and Newport: Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 9.15, 10.30, 11.30 A. M., 1.15, 2.30, 4.00, 6.00, 7.55 P. M.

SUNDAYS—8.00 and 10.00 A. M., 12.15, 5.30 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 8.45, 10.00, 11.00 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.45, 3.15, 4.30, 6.30, 8.20 P. M.

SUNDAYS—8.25, 10.30 A. M., 12.45, 5.55 P. M.

Steamer Jamestown—Jamestown and Narragansett. Leave Jamestown, 7.20, 9.30, 10.30, 11.55 A. M., 1.30, 2.25, 3.55, 7.05 P. M.

SUNDAYS—9.00 A. M., 1.25, 4.30, 6.30 P. M.

Leave Narragansett, 7.49, 9.50, 10.55 A. M., 12.00 M., 1.55, 3.10, 5.00, 7.20 P. M.

SUNDAYS—9.20 A. M., 2.00, 4.55, 6.50 P. M.

Old Colony Railroad.

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

ON and after Monday, June 25, 1888, trains will leave Newport, for Boston 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN 5.50, 8.30, 11.40, A. M., 3.40, 4.35, *6.00, 7.00 P. M. Trains from Boston are due at Newport at 9.00, 11.15 A. M., 2.20, 5.50, 8.05, 9.00 P. M. For Portsmouth Grove, †7.25, †10.20, A. M., †2.55 P. M. RETURN, †8.47, †11.02 A. M., †2.07, †5.55, †7.42 P. M. For Coal Mines, 7.25, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. RETURN, 7.43, 10.57 A. M., 2.03, 5.50, 7.32 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.25, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 8.30, †10.53 A. M., 1.59, 5.46, 7.13, P. M. Tiverton, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M. 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 8.34, 10.48 A. M., 1.54, 5.29, 5.42, 7.05, P. M. Fall River, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, (Ferry Street) 8.25, 10.33 A. M., 1.44, 5.12, 5.25, 6.40 P. M. Taunton, 7.25, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, (Central Station) 7.20, 9.50 A. M., 1.00, 5.32, *6.37 P. M.; (Dean Street), 4.43 P. M. Middleboro, 7.55, 10.20 A. M. 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN, 6.30, 9.34 A. M. 12.15, 3.35, *6.05 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M.; Return (Pearl Street) 1.54, 9.00, 10.55 A. M., 3.35, *5.55 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.50 A. M. 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Nantucket, 10.20 A. M. Providence, 7.50, 10.20 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. RETURN 7.30, 9.35 A. M., 12.40, 4.15, P. M.

Sunday trains leave Newport for Tiverton Fall River, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, So. Braintree, and Boston at 6.50 P. M. RETURN at 4.30 A. M.

*Boat from Fall River.

†Will stop to leave passengers or when flagged.

J. R. KENDRICK, Gen'l Manager, Boston.
J. H. FRENCH, Div. Sup't. Boston
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Ag't Newport.

Banking and Insurance.

Island Savings Bank.

THIRTIETH DIVIDEND.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of five per cent. per annum on all deposits (entitled thereto) will be paid on and after Monday, July 16, 1888.

STEPHEN H. NORMAN, Treasurer.
Newport, July 13, 1888-141.

One Hundred and Thirty-Fifth Dividend.

Savings Bank of Newport.

NEWPORT R. I., July 21, 1888.

THE TRUSTEES of this Institution have declared a semi-annual dividend on all deposits (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum, payable on and after this date.

WM. H. SHERMAN, Treasurer.
7-21

INSURANCE NOTICE!

AGENCY OF A. S. SHERMAN,

MERCHANTS' BANK.

THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES heretofore represented in Newport by Mr. Job T. Langley, deceased, having been transferred to me, policies and renewals in the same will be written at this office, where transfers and endorsements can be made:—

Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.
Queen Ins. Co. of London.
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester.
Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired, at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

Niagara Ins. Co. of N. Y.	$2,630,956
American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,301,558
Fire Association of Philadelphia	4,250,564
Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	1,709,028
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	5,727,000
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,855,196
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	960,429
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	802,443
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,383,171
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,976,093
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,198,187
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,332,050
Northern Assurance Co. of London	5,368,615
Phenix Assurance Co. of London	7,837,156

A. S. SHERMAN,
7-2 Office Merchants' Bank.

PROVIDENCE MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
(Incorporated A. D. 1800.)

CASH ASSETS - $180,000.

This Company has paid the people of Rhode Island more than $500,000 in losses promptly in land satisfactory settlements.

It insures against both fire and lightning, has a liberal form of policy and furnishes the best insurance at the least cost.

H. R. BARKER, President.
H. C. WATERS, Secretary.

Home Office: 45 WESTMINSTER ST., PROVIDENCE R. I.

Agent at
NEWPORT, R. I. - HENRY BULL, JR.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co:

A NEW ENTERPRISE

Of Importance to Newport.

P. E. COSTELLO,

A POPULAR

Picture Frame Manufacturer and Fine Art Dealer, of Providence,

Has opened a branch store at

266 * THAMES * STREET,

Second door from Pelham Street, near the Library, for the sale of choice

Etchings, Steel Engravings,

Photographs, Photogravures, Paintings, Pastels, Water Colors, Oleographs, Lithographs, etc., etc., and an immense assortment of Picture Mouldings, high and low prices.

NOVELTIES.

Wall pockets, paper racks, towel racks, toilet cabinets or medicine cases, plush photograph frames, mats and cardboard of all kinds.

STUDIES OF ALL KINDS.

Estimates given for beveled French mirrors.
Estimates given for plain French and German mirrors.
Old gilt frames and other gilt furniture regilded and repaired. Old paintings repaired, retouched and varnished. Stains removed from engravings. Pictures, frames made to order. And last, but not least, prices below all competitors for quality of work and style of goods, at 266 Thames street. 7-7

THE CAUSE OF CONSUMPTION

Is now admitted by the medical authorities to be a deficiency or undue waste of Oxydizable Phosphorus normally existing in the human economy. The remedy consists in the administration of a preparation of Phosphorus being at once assimilated and oxydizable. WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITES is the only preparation of Phosphorus which combine these characteristics in the highest degree for Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Night Sweats and Nervous Diseases: it is unequalled. Recommended by Physicians. Sold by Druggists $1 per bottle. Send for Circular. Winchester & Co., Chemists, 162 William Street, N. Y. 5-12-1y

The Teacher

Who advised her pupils to strengthen their minds by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, appreciated the truth that bodily health is essential to mental vigor. For persons of delicate and feeble constitution, whether young or old, this medicine is remarkably beneficial. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring and fall I take a number of bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and am greatly benefited." — Mrs. James H. Eastman, Stoneham, Mass.

"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla with great benefit to my general health." — Miss Thirza L. Crerar, Palmyra, Md.

"My daughter, twelve years of age, has suffered for the past year from

General Debility.

A few weeks since, we began to give her Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Her health has greatly improved." — Mrs. Harriet H. Battles, South Chelmsford, Mass.

"About a year ago I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for debility and neuralgia resulting from malarial exposure in the army. I was in a very bad condition, but six bottles of the Sarsaparilla, with occasional doses of Ayer's Pills, have greatly improved my health. I am now able to work, and feel that I cannot say too much for your excellent remedies." — F. A. Pinkham, South Moluncus, Me.

"My daughter, sixteen years old, is using Ayer's Sarsaparilla with good effect." — Rev. S. J. Graham, United Brethren Church, Buckhannon, W. Va.

"I suffered from

Nervous Prostration,

with lame back and headache, and have been much benefited by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I am now 80 years of age, and am satisfied that my present health and prolonged life are due to the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla." — Lucy Moffitt, Killingly, Conn.

Mrs. Ann H. Farnsworth, a lady 79 years old, So. Woodstock, Vt., writes: "After several weeks' suffering from nervous prostration, I procured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken half of it my usual health returned."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

I. W. Briskham Jackson

PORTRAIT

and

Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Alex. N. Barker,

DEALER IN

Lumber & HardWare

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, ETC.,

205 THAMES ST.

—AND—

LOPEZ WHARF,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Lawton's Stable

—AND—

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY

Is the place where you can always find anything in the line of

Horses & Carriages

that you wish. Horses to sell, exchange or let. New Horses arriving every week. 10 ponies to sell or let. Carriages of all kinds to sell or exchange, consisting of new carryalls, very cheap. Phaeton Buggies, New and Tasty Patterns. Side Bar Wagons, warranted, low in price. Side Bar Buggies, Timpkin, Brewster, Rice, Coyle and Side Spring. Canopy Tops, two and four seats, very stylish.

DOG CARTS, SURREY CARTS and PONY CARTS,

Just received and ready for inspection.

Second-Hand Carts used only one season.

New Road Carts, $32.

DEMOCRAT WAGONS.

Come and see them and get prices.

One English Canopy Phaeton

has not been used twenty times.

One 2nd-hand Victoria,

Just right for cabbing. A lot of

Second-Hand Carriages

that must be sold to make room.

3 Sets Second-Hand Team Harness

and will be sold very cheap.

Dealing with a number of the leading manufacturers of the United States, I can sell goods as low as can be bought in New England.

New Side-Bar Buggies,

Warranted, only $90.

NEW ORDER WAGONS,

Only $65.

Other Carriages in Proportion.

HOW IS THAT FOR LOW?

ParkStables,

Cor. Spring & Touro Sts.

All Sorts.

The typewriter is the only woman who takes kindly to dictation.

Any fool can ask conundrums, but it takes a wise man not to try to answer them.

Mr. Softleigh—What in your opinion is the limit to love? Miss Hardy—Matrimony.

"It's a perfect angel of a house," said she. "All wings, I suppose," said he.

Woman (to tramp)—After you've ett that pie will you saw a little wood? Tramp (eyeing the pie)—Yes, ma'am; if I'm alive!

Ithuriel defends his going out during theatrical performances by asserting that even the curtain takes a drop between the acts.

"I wish to die a millionaire,
What pleasure it would give one!"
Ah, thoughtless poet! As for us,
We would much rather live one.

Pure and undefiled religion will go a long way toward making a man's politics pure, but politics as a purifier of religion is no good.

If there is anything in the world which will make a man forget that his joints are stiff it is to step on a squeak doll on an unlighted stairway.

It is understood that a number of the Republican delegates recently in Chicago are just aching to write a vitriolic book on the subject of "Chicago as a Summer resort."

Old Gent—Confound it, sir, that's my corn you stepped on. Young Tough—Course it is, old chappie. You wouldn't be kickin' so if it was anybody else's.

The man who says that he will welcome death as a release from a life made up of sorrow generally sends for four doctors when he has the colic.

Sections of the country troubled with seventeen-year locusts can settle the nuisance by burning the fields and woods in which they carry on their devastation.

Probably the most annoying thing in the world is a fly which has the gall to enter a man's ear while he is asleep and hammer out the tune "Johnny, Get Your Gun" on his drum.

Wouldn't think of detaining him.—He (making an evening call)—Shall I sing one more song, Miss Clara, before I go?" She—I should be delighted, Mr. Sampson—er—if you think you have time."

The Sunday school class was singing "I want to be an Angel." "Why don't you sing louder, Bobby?" asked the teacher. "I am singing as loud as I want to be an angel," exclaimed Bobby.

Natives of Venezuela followed a wagon for nearly a week to see if the hind wheels would catch up with the front ones. As this did not occur, the vehicle was pronounced a fraud.

The following is the Chinese translation of the hymn "Precious Name," which was sung the other day at a Chinese picnic. The spelling, of course, is English:

Yow foo hing die yoong gaw him nay,
Dong yow jip saw Yesu ming:
Dong sue fon moon bin wy foon hay,
Gayung fong-gy moo sum woon ning.
Chorus
Mingjy bo; ming hing hayung;
Ling go sung sue yow hay mong.
[Repeat.]

"What's that awful racket in the back room?" inquired a customer of one of the clerks. "Somebody trying to yell the roof off?" "It's the silent partner, sir; the firm is after him for more money.

A little Auburn boy who looks after his grandfather's cuspidor for a moderate salary, offers this philosophy: "When I grow up I shall chew tobacco and have my little boy look after the cuspidor. Then he will not chew."

Dumpsey—Hello, Blobson! Seems as though you were looking pretty poorly, Blobson—Yes, I'm tired to death. Dumpsey—Tired? You need a vacation. Blobson—Just got back from one.

A just Sentence—Old Mr. Bently (reading the paper) I see a man has been sent to State Prison for fifteen years for robbin' a crib. Old Mrs. Bently—He deserves ev'ry year on it. The idee of stealin' an innercent little baby.

Conditional—Jacob Levi Jr.—Baba, I vants den cents. Jacob Levi Sr.—Vat for mine son? Jacob Levi Jr.—I vant to buy a tog. Jacob Levi Sr.—Mine son, I gifts you den cents ofe you vill buy a base-ball. Remember mine son, a tog eats.

Mr. Snaggs, (after the last guest had departed)—"Well, the party was a success in every sense of the word." Mrs. Snaggs—"Yes, indeed it was. Why, I heard Mrs. Bullion say it was the most ricochet of the season."

Some of the boys of Sitka school suspected one of their number of informing the teachers of their pranks. Getting into a quarrel and desiring to accuse him of being a tale-bearer, one of them called out "You are a telegraph."

Quite the proper thing—Mrs. Dumley—Out of nine children the only one now living is cousin Kate. Mr. Dumley—Cousin Kate, the dressmaker? Mrs. Dumley — Yes. Mr. Dumley — Well, that's all right. Survival of the fitist, you know.

TO A FISHERMAN.

A hook,
A book,
A shady nook,
A wish,
A Fish,
A sudden swish—
A sigh. But why?
Next day a lie.

First Business Man (busy with a pile of letters)—Yes, I'm most dead, and my correspondence not half done. I wish I could afford your plan. You dictate to that pretty girl typewriter yet, I suppose? Second Business Man—Dictate to her yet? Not much I don't. We're married now.

A Hartford photographer received recently the following note after having submitted a "proof" to family criticism: "Yeas I like it only I want you please to have her heair more slicker and on the left side take her year more plainer and her bangs down slick please finish them off nice by Satday eving, and I will come and get them."

Don't judge a man by the clothes he wears. God made one and the tailor the other. Don't judge him by his family, for Cain belonged to a good family. Don't judge a man by his failure in life, for many a man fails because he is too honest to succeed. Don't judge a man by the house he lives in, for the lizard and the rat often inhabit the grander structures.

THE FATAL CUP

Destroys his constitution,
Reproaches his character, leads him to
poverty, ruins his
health, robs his
pocket, kindles
strife, gives
misery, unrelief,
trouble,
evil,
woe,
harm,
sorrow,
iniquity,
condemnation,
destroys the soul.

The Terror.

I had an ugly, unruly boy in my room, and he gave me more trouble than all the rest of the class. All through the different grades of the large grammar school he had been a terror to his teachers, and he was hurried on to the next teacher with surprising alacrity. When I inherited him I felt as if Nemesis had overtaken me, and just how to control him was a problem I long wrestled with. For several weeks he was the terror of the room, and my reputation for good order was, I felt, fast disappearing. The boy would not obey unless he felt like it, and punishment had no effect on him.

It is unnecessary to narrate his pranks. Every plan I evolved for his regeneration proved abortive; he wouldn't reform. Finally, by accident, I stumbled on the cure. I discovered that he was interested in sketching odd bits of scenery, of objects in the room, not even omitting his respected teacher, who was a typical schoolmarm and wore glasses. I resolved to make the most of this talent—if talent it was—and so one day, when I was in my best and sweetest mood, I asked the Terror if he would draw a plan for some shelves I wanted in my closet. He assented and the sketch was neatly and accurately made. There was a new look in his eyes, and a new expression on his face when he gave me the paper.

Then I advanced slowly and cautiously. I needed some maps made, and again I employed the Terror, and again the result was encouraging. The maps were models of neatness and precision. I judiciously praised him, and exhibited the maps to the class and called for copies. None ever equalled his.

We were studying the continent of Asia, and the Terror never had his geography lesson learned; but when I suggested that if he were to keep up his reputation in drawing he must draw the details of the country he was studying, geography became a new study to him, and he easily made excellent progress in this branch. To do this he had to forego some of his "fooling business," and it was given up simply because he had something more to his liking to do.

In fine and to the point, the Terror came out of his chrysalis state a new creature. His old ways were left, and he readily adopted the better method of doing and living. From a slouching, unkempt, uncouth, shambling, horrid boy, he emerged into being a respectable, neat, tidy, order-loving, painstaking, and industrious young man. I had found that there was something he could do and something he liked to do, and that was all there was to it.

According to Law.

Oriental justice has become synonymous for both ingenuity and simplicity, but it finds a parallel in that of the early alcaldes of California. One instance of a judge's candor and a prisoner's logic is to be found in "California Pastoral." A man named Juan lodged a complaint that he had loaned Pedro a sum of money which the latter refused to pay, although he was rich in horses and cattle.

The culprit was summoned before the alcalde, when Juan stated the case, and appealed to Pedro in confirmation of what he said. The debt was thereupon cheerfully acknowledged.

"There," said the alcalde, "since you owe this debt, why do you not pay it?"

"Because, señor," replied Pedro. "I have no money."

"But," interrupted Juan, "Thou hast a flock, horses, oxen, everything."

"Well said, Juan," exclaimed the alcalde, "and he shall sell them and pay the debt, or I will teach him what law and justice are."

"A word, sir, by your leave," said Pedro. Then, turning to Juan, he continued, "Well, Juan, didst thou lend the money to me, or didst thou lend it to my oxen, my horses or my flock?"

"I lent it to you, Pedro."

"Thou sayest well; if thou didst lend it to me, then, of course, I am responsible, and I must pay; but if thou didst lend it to my oxen, my horses or my flock, it is clear that they are responsible, and they must pay;" and he looked triumphantly at the alcalde.

The magistrate had listened attentively. At this pause, he drew himself up and said, with much gravity, "Pedro thou art right, and thy property cannot be sold."

"What am I to do, then?" asked Juan.

"Wait," replied Pedro, "till I get the money to pay you."

"That is all that can be done according to law," added the alcalde, and dismissed the case.

Courier, July 15, 1888.

Michigan Central Vestibuled Trains Between Buffalo and Chicago.

The recent introduction of vestibuled sleeping-cars into service met with the favor of the traveling public. The additional security and extra comforts afforded were appreciated at once. Passengers in passing back and forth through the cars have, since this new device was adopted, been relieved not only of the necessity of clinging to the handrail with one hand, while with the other they endeavored to retain their hats and open and close the doors, but they also escape the danger of being blown from the platform, if the train happens to be in the area of a gale.

The Michigan Central, never allowing itself to be excelled by competitors in the adoption of new features in equipment which contribute to the comfort of its patrons, quickly conceived the idea of placing on its line solid vestibuled trains, composed of dining-cars, first-class coaches, smoking-cars and baggage-cars, which, combined with the new Wagner palace sleeping-cars, built expressly for this service, form a handsome train, each car of which is equipped with vestibules.

Announcement has heretofore been made of the putting on of these trains and they are now running daily between Buffalo and Detroit and Chicago, and are giving the utmost satisfaction. Passengers can go from one end of the train to the other without being exposed to the elements, and ladies and children can reach the dining-cars with which all Michigan Central trains are provided, as easily as they can pass from one room to another in their own houses.

The coaches, which were built expressly for these vestibuled trains, possess many new features, prominent among them being the introduction of smoking compartments inclosed after the style of those in the sleeping-cars, which are partitioned off at the end of each coach. These compartments accommodate comfortably eight persons, and are richly upholstered in soft leather. The coaches are finished in light colored natural woods, fitted with high-back seats elegantly upholstered in plush of beautiful colors, the aisles are carpeted, and at either end of each coach are toilet rooms fitted up with wash bowls and all other requisite conveniences.

The foregoing gives some idea of the completeness of this vestibuled train service which has been inaugurated by the great Niagara Falls route, and the beauty of it all is the fact that it costs no more to travel on this train than on any other. In other words, no extra fare is charged for the enjoyment of the comforts provided.

Incidentally it may be mentioned that the work of cutting away the bank for 200 feet to the north of Falls View station, heretofore alluded to as being intended, is now progressing rapidly, and when completed, passengers will be afforded a better view of the great cataract, if that be possible, than has yet been had from the Michigan Central trains.

5-11-2m.

Habits Worth Breaking.

"Just look at that girl!"

"Yes; it is Miss Blank. What about her?"

"Don't you see her tongue?"

"Oh! yes. Isn't it perfectly dreadful? They say she always sticks it out like that when she's thinking about anything."

The young woman in question was promenading on West Fourteenth street early one morning recently, attired in a bewitching costume and with a pensive expression, while the tip of her little tongue protruded between two lips of the description known to novelists as coral. "Yes," said one of her feminine acquaintances, "she always does that when thoughtful or worried. It's one of those terrible habits which, when once contracted, stick closer than a million brothers. Miss Blank began it when a child, and no one ever took the trouble to break her of it. Now, poor girl, it mortifies her terribly to be told about it, though, of course, she is anxious to cure herself. But then, nearly every one has some curious little habit which he would be very glad to break if he could; some trick more or less unpleasant, caused in the first place probably by nervousness. We all know the man who tugs at his moustache and the one who is perpetually pulling up his collar. Then there is the girl who is always rubbing one eye as if in search of a stray eyelash, and the man who can't be quite happy without some more or less fragile article to twist and bend and turn about in his fingers. Anything and everything from your finest lace handkerchief to your new and extremely delicate paper cutter is sacrificed to the demon of nervousness which possesses him, and yet you can't find it in your heart to rob him of his plaything. He is quite happy and at his ease so long as he wants to, but bereft of the temporary object of his affection he would be abjectly miserable, and you know it. Many a man can talk fluently and well while winding something—anything—about his finger, who, without it, would be constrained, awkward, silent.

"One of the most annoying forms of this disease is the incessant tattoo which some people keep up on their knees or the table or whatever happens to be most convenient as a keyboard. I have noticed that musicians usually indulge this habit, and it is a very trying one, though I don't know that it is worse than 'twiddle your thumbs.' There are lots of other curious ways peculiar to individuals. I know a man who, when embarrassed, always taps the side of his nose with his little finger, and a girl who is so given to pushing her hair behind her left ear that she has worn a bald spot there."

How beautiful, great and pure is goodness. It paints heaven on the face that has it; it wakens the sleeping souls that meet it.

"Father, what does the printer live on?" "Why child?" "Because I heard you had not paid him his subscription for three years, and you still take his paper." "Wife, spank that child."

An ounce of mother, says a Spanish proverb, is worth a pound of clergy.

Tomorrow's Church Services.

Protestant Episcopal.

TRINITY PARISH, Rev. George J. Magill, rector. Holy communion at 8 A. M. and evensongs at 7.30 in Kay Chapel; morning service at 10.45 and children's service at 3.30 P. M. in Trinity Church. The Holy Communion is also celebrated in Trinity Church at 10.45 A. M. on the first Sunday in the month, and when the Sunday is a special Feast Day. Sunday school at 2.30 P. M.

EMMANUEL CHURCH, Rev. R. B. Peet, rector. Morning prayer at 11 A. M.; evening prayer at 7.30 P. M. Sunday school at 1.15. P. M.

ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, Rhode Island avenue Rev. C. G. Gilbat, D. D. rector Services—8 o'clock early celebration every Sunday, and at 11 also the first Sunday in the month. Services with sermon 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday school 2.30 P. M. and children's service at 3.45.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, Poplar street, Rev. S. W. Moran, rector. Holy communion every Sunday morning at 7.30, also in connection with the 10.30 service on the first Sunday of the month. Morning prayer and Litany at 10.30. Evensong at 7.30. Sunday school at 2.15 P. M.

ST. MARY'S PARISH, South Portsmouth, R. I., Rev. Geo. Herbert Patterson Rector. ST. MARY'S CHURCH, First and third Sundays of each month, Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion, 10.30 A. M.; other Sundays, Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon, 10.30 A. M.; Night Service (Choral) with Short Lecture, 7.30 P. M. Sunday School, 12 M. HOLY CROSS CHAPEL, Second and fourth Sundays of each month, Sermon and Holy Communion, 3.00 P. M.; other Sundays, Evening Prayer and Sermon, 3 P. M.; Sunday School, 2 P. M.

HOLY CROSS CHAPEL, Middletown, Rev. Geo. Herbert Patterson rector. Evening Prayer and Sermon, 3 P. M; Sunday School, 2.30 P. M.

ST. COLUMBA—The Berkeley Memorial Chapel—on the South-east Cliffs. Rev. John B. Diman, minister. Morning service at 10.30; Sunday-school at 3.30; Evening service at 4.30.

Baptist.

FIRST CHURCH—Rev. E. P. Tuller, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Bible service at 3 P. M.

SECOND CHURCH, Rev. S. W. Stevens, pastor. Sunday school at 10:30 A. M.; preaching at 3:30 and 7:30 P. M.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, Rev. Warren Randolph, D. D., pastor. Morning Service at 10.45. Evening service at 7.30 Bible school at 3 P. M.

SHILOH CHURCH, Rev. H. N. Jeter; services—sermon at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sabbath school at 2 P. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

FIRST CHURCH, Rev. J. A. L. Rich, sermon at 10.30 A. M. and 3 P. M. Sunday school at 1.15 P. M. Evening service at 7.30.

THAMES STREET, Rev. W. I. Ward, Sunday school at 10.30 A. M; preaching at 3 P. M.; praise and social service at 7.30 P. M.

TOURO CHAPEL. Bellevue avenue, Rev. Arthur W. Upshaw, pastor; services 11 A. M., 3.30 and 8 P. M. Sunday school at 1.30 P. M.

SWEDISH MISSION. Burlingham's Hall, Spring street, near Mill, Rev. Alex Frizzell, pastor; services at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.

MIDDLETOWN FOUR CORNERS, Middletown, Rev. J. F. Cooper, pastor; Sunday school 10.30 A. M.; preaching 2.30 P. M.; evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

Congregational.

UNITED CHURCH, Rev. Forest F. Emerson, pastor; worship and preaching at 10.45 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.; Sunday school at 2.30 P. M.

UNION CHURCH, Rev. M. Van Horne, pastor; preaching at 3 and 7.30 P. M. Sabbath school at 11.30 A. M.

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, GRACE CHAPEL, Wellington ave. and Thames st., Rev. R. Gordon Mackay. Sunday services: Morning worship, 10.45 A. M. Sunday school 2.30 P. M. Preaching, 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock. All welcome.

Roman Catholic.

ST. MARY'S, Rev. Philip Grace, D. D.; low mass at 7, 8 and 9; high mass at 10.30 A. M. Vespers at 3 P. M.

ST. JOSEPH'S, Clarke and Touro streets, Rev. James Coyle and Rev. William I. Simmons; low masses at 7, 8 and 9, high mass and sermon at 10.30; vespers, conference and benediction at 7.30 P. M.

Unitarian.

CHANNING MEMORIAL CHURCH. Morning service at 10.45; Sunday school at 12.00 P. M.

Jewish Synagogue.

Touro street, near Division. Services on Friday evening at 6.30, lasting an hour; also on Saturday morning at 9, lasting two hours.

Young Men's Christian Association.

105 Thames street. Praise service for men only, every Sunday at 6 P. M., in the Lecture Room. Brief addresses and good singing. Young men and strangers in the city especially invited to attend.

FRIENDS' CHURCH, cor. Marlboro' and Farewell streets. Forenoon services, 10.30 A. M.; Sabbath School, 3 P. M.; Prayer meeting, 7 P. M. Thursday meetings—Forenoon services, 10.30 A. M.; Prayer meeting, 7.30 P. M.

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The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1888.

The San Francisco Bulletin says that California is likely to be represented in the next Congress by a solid Republican delegation.

The Democratic leaders are getting very impatient at Cleveland's long delay in publishing his letter of acceptance.

The Republican State Central Committee of this State met Monday and decided to formally open the campaign about the 10th of September. The Committee have opened headquarters in Providence and will throw to the breeze a flag at an early day.

The Democratic National Committee has adopted a campaign flag—a combination of the bandana with the American flag. The old flag straight is good enough for the Republicans. They are not accustomed to marching under other banners than that of the Union.

The feeling in this community is almost universal among the best citizens that Mayor Powel ought to allow the use of his name one year more. His past experience will be of great value to him in governing the city for the year to come and we believe that it is a duty that he owes to the public to consent to serve the people one year longer. If Mayor Powel does not run there is a great probability that there may be a dozen candidates in the field. It will probably be a scrub race.

Our suggestion last week that the City Hall ought to be located at the upper end of the Mall has been warmly commended by a large part of our citizens. That seems to be the natural site for a public building. A City Hall erected there would have a pleasant park to look out upon and would be near the State House, which is an important feature. It would be nearer the business centre of the city than any other location.

The Connecticut Republicans held a very enthusiastic convention on Wednesday. Ex-Mayor Buckley of Hartford was nominated for Governor by acclamation, and Gen. Merwin of New Haven was nominated for Lieut. Governor. The ticket is a strong one. The resolutions endorse the Republican Chicago platform and condemn President Cleveland for his pension vetoes.

The Democrats claim to have carried Alabama by a majority of about 100,000. They are making the same mistake they made in Louisana, putting up the figures too high to be reasonable. It is said that in many counties the Republicans had no ticket. They probably considered it a useless expense, because if voted it would not be counted beyond a certain "safe" limit.

Postmaster Pearson, the only Republican postmaster of note in the country left in office, must go. The laddies have so ordained, and Cleveland, although a little slow generally in the end comes to time and obeys the behests dictates. Pearson was the one sop thrown to the mugwumps at the beginning of the administration, but the President probably thinks that by this time he has got them so well tanned that they will need no more bait. And in that belief he is about correct.

Mr. Edwin Booth's son-in-law, Mr. Grossman, has bought a cottage at Narragansett Pier—which looks as if he shared Mr. Booth's fatigue of Newport.

Similar items about Booth have been going the rounds of the press for some time. Now the fact is, as every body knows, that Booth has no cottage in Newport and therefore has no occasion for "fatigue of Newport." Mr. Booth's cottage is in Middletown, on the East side more than four mile from Newport. The time required to reach Newport from his place is greater than it is to reach Newport from Narragansett Pier.

Cleveland is in no hurry about getting out his Letter of Acceptance. It is a document which will require very mature consideration. It must show the North that the Mills bill is a protective measure, while convincing the South that it means Free Trade. It must placate the Mugwumps on Civil Service Reform, and assure the Democrats that the work of "turning the rascals out" will be continued. It must contain some declaration about a third term as convincing as that in his first letter regarding a second term. If any one thinks he can write a letter of this kind at short notice, which will properly obscure the situation, let him start right in.

A correspondent in another column answers certain charges made by a correspondent in the Daily News in regard to the Newport School Board. As a member of that Board, we pronounce the statement in the News that teachers have been elected on account of the "support of some influential individual and who are unfit for the positions they occupy" as unqualifiedly false, and we would ask the Daily News correspondent to present any evidence for such an assertion. As to the ability of the Board we have nothing to say, but as to their earnest interest in the public schools we believe that the Board has been surpassed by none that have preceded it. Our teachers will, we believe, compare favorably with any that we have had in former years and with any that any other city can present. Neither do we believe that there is one among the number "unfit for the position he or she occupies." Such a statement as was made by that correspondent is a libel not only on the School Board but upon our excellent corps of teachers as well.

TERRIBLE DISASTER AT SEA.

Over One Hundred Lives Lost.

The steamship Wieland, which arrived in New York from Hamburg, Thursday, reports that on August 14th, while thirty miles south of Sable Island, at noon, she saw the Danish steamer Thingvalla, Copenhagen for New York, with signals of distress. The Thingvalla had collided on the 14th, at 4 A. M., with the steamer Geiser, of the same line, from New York, Aug. 11th, for Copenhagen. The steamer Geiser sank in about five minutes. Fourteen passengers and seventeen of the crew, among them Captain Moller, are saved; seventy-two passengers and thirty-three of the crew were lost. The steamer Wieland brought 455 passengers from the Thingvalla and those saved from the steamer Geiser to New York.

Story of the Wieland's Captain.

Captain A. Albers, of the Wieland, tells the following story:

"At 10 o'clock on the morning of August 14th we passed some wreckage floating in the sea, and suspected that an accident had happened some where near us. A little later we sailed through a sea of oil, and sighted a broken boat of the Geiser. About 11.30 we sighted a steamer to the northward about eight miles off, and seeing she had a flag of distress up we ran down to her. It proved to be the Thingvalla and Captain Laub of that vessel came to us in a small boat and begged us to take off his passengers and those he had saved from the Geiser. He said his own vessel was so badly injured he expected her to sink at any moment. His forward compartment had been completely carried away from half way from the deck to below the water line. We sent out three of our boats and the Thingvalla lowered two of hers, and in five hours we had transferred the saved passengers and crew of the Geiser and also the 455 passengers of the Thingvalla. The sea was very rough at the time, and the work of transferring the passengers was very difficult. The immense hole in the Thingvalla's bow was then patched up as well as possible and she started for Halifax. The collision, so far as is known, was caused by the fog."

The chief officer of each vessel was on deck at the time of the collision.

Story of the Geiser's Captain.

Captain Moller, of the Geiser, was awakened by a call from first officer Brown, and rushed to the bridge clad only in his night dress. He says he heard two whistles, meaning that his steamer would keep on her course. He recognized the Thingvalla approaching amid ships on the star board side. The Geiser's engines were reversed, and she was backing water. The same was being done by the Thingvalla, but both steamers were under too heavy head to avert the catastrophe. Captain Moller continues, "The passengers had now been awakened and were scrambling over each other in wild confusion in an effort to reach the upper decks. They forgot the first rule on board ship in case of accident to seize preservers. I called to them to do so, but they paid no heed. I gave orders to man the boats and the small boat astern was lowered, but the settling of the steamer off at this moment sank the boat. In less than two minutes from the time I reached the bridge we were struck, and within the same length of time thereafter the vessel was partly under water. I had hardly given orders to man the life and small boats when I was [illegible] from the bridge. The panic-stricken passengers made a jump for the few boats that were launched, and the boats were immediately capsized. As soon as I came to the surface I began to swim. I saw nothing in the darkness but the masts of the ship, but I heard the awful cries of those who were struggling in the water or sinking to death. I suppose I had been in the water five minutes when I came near a row boat from the Thingvalla, and was picked up. The officers and crew of the Thingvalla did everything that human beings could do to save the lives of those who went down with the Geiser."

The spot where Gen. Sheridan was laid to rest in the National Cemetery at Arlington is upon Virginia soil in the old home of Robert E. Lee. The builder of the house on the estate and the adopted grandson of Washington became the father-in-law of Robert E. Lee, and the father of his country was married in the very room whose windows look out on Sheridan's grave, which is but a few rods from the place where lie the bodies of Gens. Hazen and Myers, both chiefs of the Signal Service. A little further on are the graves of King, Ricketts and Paul, who lost his eyes at Gettysburg. In the inclose there are 1100 acres and room, it is estimated, for 100,000 graves. Every soldier of the army or old soldier of the war who desires has the right of sepulchre there.

A Washington dispatch says: The feeling is here that the Republican tickets is to be successful in November. Any candid acknowledgment of the average sentiment would substantiate this. There is hardly a member of Congress, except those living in the most remote parts of the country, who has not visited his constituents during the last month, and as each one returns his fellows gather around him to hear the news. The Republicans were never more united or more enthusiastic than they are today, or more confident.

Economy is the order of the day in dominions of King Kalakaua. Although the monarch vetoed the bill, the legislative assembly passed over his head a measure reducing the army to 65 men and abolishing the navy altogether. The navy, we believe, consisted of one small yacht. This puts one country in a position where the navy of the United States can cope with it.

The President was as fond of exercising the veto power when Governor of New York as he is now. But of nine important bills in regard to labor matters which he then vetoed every one has since become a law. He exercised his power neither wisely nor well.

The President let the river and harbor bill become a law without his signature. It is an open secret that while the bill contained items of which he did not approve, he was convinced that the great bulk of it was important to the best interests of the country.

The date of the adjournment of Congress is set by the commerce committee as far off as October.

SARATOGA.

Millionaires to the Front.—The Great Races.—Gambling Mania.—The Midsummer Carnival.

The season is at its height. Although Saratoga has a population of fifteen thousand and 200,000 summer visitors, the people cling tenaciously to the word "village", and wish to convey the idea to outsiders of a quiet, rural retreat, which is quite contradictory to the glittering aspect Broadway presents. King mammon has full sway and fashion and folly have hundreds of devotees. Upon the piazzas of the United States fourteen millionaires were counted at one time and some of them possess many millions. A lady may often be seen on the piazza of one of the palatial hotels who has a wardrobe of three hundred dresses with bonnets and parasols to match. "How did her husband make his money?" was the question of a lady who curiously wished to get to the bottom of things. "He was a wholesale milk dealer," was the answer. "Milk is a very needful article," was the rejoinder, "and it is a most commendable employment." "But can you tell me if the milk was *adulterated?*" This second question was too difficult and complex to gain a satisfactory reply.

On Broadway this morning we heard the words on every side, "Programme for the races." It is surprising what interest is attracted to the races. The finest horses in the country are brought here to give an exhibition of their equestrian prowess. Many sporting men win and even women cannot withstand this contagious excitement, and they risk large sums and boast they can pay their board from their skill in betting, and even children are sometimes allowed to indulge in this pernicious system of getting money.

A mid summer carnival for children was held a few days since. The platform was covered with gayly dressed young dancers. A little boy was there with his pony, representing little "Lord Fontleroy," his name is Harry Frost; next came the Flower dance of Vienna by five little girls dressed in flowers. There was a variety of fancy dances, but the festival will not reach its climax until the grand ball for older people takes place. This will be the finest festive evening Congress Park will offer this year. Usually two garden parties are given on the grounds of the Grand Union Hotel. This year only one will take place, on the last day of August. Col. J. M. Otter manages this superb hotel on a magnificent scale and gives royal entertainment to his guests. The way into the dining room is through a beautiful saloon parlor. Just now, the house is crowded and twelve hundred people were seated in the dining room. Ladies at my right and left at the table wore immense diamonds and within the range of my eye many other ladies glittered with the same precious jewels.

The mineral springs attract the usual amount of attention, and thousands come here for the purpose of drinking these beneficial waters. For many years, Hathorn spring has sustained its worldwide popularity, and as we find our way into the crowded spring house, there is every evidence of its increasing fame. One cannot pass a more delightful hour than to take a seat in the Hathorn spring house and watch the surging crowds of water drinkers. Bits of conversation fall upon the ear. Said a lady from one of the hotels, "I asked the waiter, this morning, if the raspberries he brought me were *wild* raspberries?" He replied, "No, they are *tame ones*," "and I ate them without the slightest fear they would do any injury to my digestive organs." Other fragments of conversation, from others were equally diverting. Soon a tall, thin, intellectual looking man passed me and was pointed out by Mr. Hathorn as Mr. Bowen, editor of the New York Independent, and plenty of other eyes were soon turned toward this important man of letters. Artists may be interested to know that Mr. J. Warren Nash, of New York, one of the guests of the United States Hotel, has presented the proprietors, Messrs. Tompkins, Gage & Perry with a rare and valuable replica painting of Gilbert Stuart's famous picture of Washington. A Brahmin from India who lately made his appearance has been going around talking energetically in different parlors in favor of the religion of Budah. At the Columbia Hotel, his opinions as a theosophist met with a determined opposition from a Baptist clergyman of note, Rev. Dr. Hampstone. When our Hindoo brother has come in contact with more Christians in this country, it is to be hoped he will see his errors and be led on to a better tract of broader love and higher trust. Adieu, J. P. B.

Columbian Hotel, Aug. 15.

The Yellow Fever.

The situation at Jacksonville is decidedly better; no new cases have been reported and no deaths. The patients are all doing finely. The work of disinfecting goes actively forward. Tar and pitch fires and the booming of cannon enliven the scene somewhat. The committee on cannonading have batteries firing at different points night and day. Money for the relief committee is beginning to come in.

General Fisk's letter of acceptance is a striking illustration of a logical deduction from a false premise. He favors Prohibition because "what the law creates the law alone can kill." It is news to most persons that the law created the liquor traffic. The current idea is that the traffic grew out of something in the constitution of man, the logical conclusion being that its suppression depends upon the modification of human desires. High license does not create the liquor traffic, it merely restricts that which already existed.

In Des Moines violaters of the Liquor law have been arrested on the evidence of a photograph taken on the sly by a constable with a portable outfit. The case suggests many possibilities in the detection of crime. In the words of the "Arkansas Traveler," "The apparatus can't lie."

The Atlanta Constitution remarks that it is no longer in order to read Mr. Randall out of the Democratic party, for the reason that if the Democrats need anybody they need Mr. Randall.

Orders have been issued to baggage masters on the Old Colony road authorizing them to check baggage through to any part of the United States by any road.

The value of the crops of Kansas this year is estimated in the neighborhood of $140,000,000. The Quarterly Review, which thought the Western people were being eaten up by mortgages, would do well to take note of this.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

The Interstate Telegraph Bill—Gen. Sheridan's Last Resting Place—The Canadian Question—Our Correspondent Still Harping on "War With England"—The Post Office Deficiency Bill—The Republican Tariff Bill—Various Interesting Topics Touched Upon.

[*From Our Own Correspondent.*]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13, 1888.

Senator Spooner's bill to regulate commerce carried on by the telegraph, has been passed by the Senate without discussion, division, or objection. By its provisions, the Inter-State Commerce Commission has authority to inquire into the management and business of telegraph companies, and to keep itself informed as to the manner and method in which the same is conducted, and shall have the right to obtain from such companies full and complete information necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The Commission is to have the same jurisdiction and power over telegraph companies, in so far as may be necessary to the execution of this act, as it has over railroads. It is provided in the act that it shall go into effect Nov. 1st, 1888, but it is somewhat doubtful if it will come up for consideration in the House this session. It will not if the influence of the Western Union Telegraph Company can prevent it. But some such law is sure to go on our statute books sooner or later, and people are tired of being imposed on by Gould's telegraph company.

The dead General sleeps his last sleep in the midst of many of his old comrades in the historic Arlington cemetery. A generation produces but one Sheridan and ours has gone. The funeral ceremonies over the remains of General Sheridan were directed by Cardinal Gibbons, in the presence of an audience which embraced every distinguished man at the National Capital and many from elsewhere; the military procession was confined to that prescribed by Army regulations, and was grand in its simplicity. The march from the church to Arlington was through two solid ranks of sorrowing citizens. Congress adjourned and all the Government departments were closed on the day of the funeral, as a mark of respect to the memory of the dead soldier.

The Canadian question brought forward by the fisheries treaty, is getting to be very interesting. Senators of both parties have intimated that war with England is one of the probable outcomes of the treaty, or rather of its consideration. For a time the Republicans represented the war talk, but Senator Morgan says that while the Democratic party is not seeking any foolish quarrel with England, yet if war is to come, it will stand by the country, right or wrong, and that if the Republicans reject the treaty, Mr. Cleveland will at once adopt retaliatory measures against Canadian vessels, let the result be whatever it may. In the meantime, Senator Blair is trying to have his bill considered, providing for the opening of negotiations looking to the annexation of Canada to the United States. Only two things can prevent the early rejection of the treaty: Mr. Cleveland may withdraw it, or the Democratic Senators may resort to filibustering in order to prevent a vote being taken upon it. The first would be an acknowledgement of weakness that the President cannot afford to make on the eve of a political campaign, and the last would be an error of judgment, that the Senators are not likely to make, so that the rejection of the treaty may be looked forward to as a certainty. What will follow is a matter of conjecture.

The Postmaster General has asked for a deficiency appropriation of $250,000 for railway mail transportation. He says the deficiency was caused by the large increase of new routes.

Republican Senators are still working on a tariff bill. No date has yet been set for its report to the Senate, but it begins to look as though it would be near September.

Senators Hawley, Manderson, and Gorman received handsome floral tributes from the employes of the Government Printing Office, for their efforts in getting the bill through the Senate, giving the employes of that office 20 days leave of absence in each year.

The Senate passed the Stewart Chinese bill without division. An attempt was made on the following day to get unanimous consent to its consideration by the House, but it failed.

Mr. Springer has given notice that he will to-morrow call up his Oklahama bill.

To-morrow the National convention of the American party will meet in this city for the purpose of adopting a platform, and nominating candidates for President and Vice President.

Major General Schofield, who succeeds General Sheridan in the command of the Army, has a good record, he has filled many positions, and filled them all well. More cannot be said of any man.

The river and harbor bill has become a law without the President's signature. J. B.

It's the Iron-Clad Truth.

The Hon. Patrick Maguire of Boston, who, in sweet affiliation with the also Hon. Michael Cunniff of the same magnificently governed municipality, runs the Democratic party of Massachusetts along the line of reform, sobriety and virtue (please don't laugh), pathetically, announces that "the Mugwump no longer sits on the box and drives this administration, but is content to trot along beside or under the Democratic coach." It is not in the range of human ability to excel this declaration as regards iron-clad truth. We congratulate the Hon. Patrick Maguire of Boston on having entrenched himself, for once at least, behind walls of fact which are invincible.—[Milford Journal.

To the Yellowstone Park and California.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb have arranged a grand trip to the Yellowstone National Park and across the continent to the Pacific Northwest and California in addition to their regular summer excursions to the great American Wonderland. The Park will be visited at a time when traveling is delightful, and the same is true regarding the Pacific Coast. Some idea of the idyllic scope of the tour may be gained when it is said that it extends along the Pacific Coast over sixteen hundred miles from Victoria, the capital of British Columbia, to the Mexico line. The return tickets from any California point are good until July 1889, and the excursionists will have the same advantages in the way of side trips, hotel coupons, etc., possessed by the members of the winter parties who go later. In addition to the September tour there will be two trips direct to Southern California, with September 10 and October 8 as the dates of leaving Boston; an excursion to the Pacific Northwest and California over the Northern Pacific line October 8; two trips to Colorado, September 10 and October 8; and eighteen September tours to eastern and northern resorts. Circulars of all these may be obtained of W. Raymond, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston, Mass.

"Herod and Mariamne."

By AMELIE RIVES, author of the "Quick or the Dead." Published complete in Lippincott's Magazine for September. For sale by all book and newsdealers, and at all hotels. Price 25c. 8-18 4w

Mr. Blaine and Senator Warner Miller opened the campaign in Maine Wednesday with a rousing meeting.

1500 Men Thrown out of Work.

The rolling mills at South Chicago shut down Thursday, throwing out of employment 1500 men. The manager of the mills says that the railroads are withholding their orders on account of the present state of politics.

Block Island.

The Ocean View Athletic and Amusement Association are arranging for a grand programme of entertainments on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. The full American Band of Providence, D. W. Reeves, director, will give a grand concert in the dining hall of the Ocean View Hotel, Tuesday evening. This will be an especially interesting feature of the two days entertainment. On Wednesday evening there will be a grand ball at the same place, music for which will be furnished by the same band. On Tuesday and Wednesday, forenoon and afternoon, a series of sport and athletic entertainments will take place in front of the Ocean View Hotel which will outshine those given last year.

The hotels are now filling up very rapidly. August bids fair to be a very prosperous month here.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

AUGUST 1888.	STANDARD TIME. Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	Eve
18 Sat	5 13	5 61	1 51	5 24	5 27
19 Sun	5 14	6 563	2 63	6 13	6 17
20 Mon	5 15	6 51	3 56	6 59	7 05
21 Tues	5 16	6 50	rises	7 45	7 53
22 Wed	5 17	6 48	7 38	8 27	8 39
23 Thurs	5 18	6 47	8 7	9 10	9 23
24 Fri	5 19	6 45	8 36	9 53	10 13

New Moon, 7th day, 1h. 21m., evening.
First Quarter, 14th day, 11h. 41m., morning.
Full Moon, 21st day, 11h. 20m., morning.
Last Quarter, 29th day, 9h. 18m., morning.

A. O'D. Taylor,

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

124 BELLEVUE AVE.

HOURS 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Farm land to sell off Fort Road; small house property $1350, $1500, $1800, $1900. Family houses and grounds in the city $10,000 to $4500; estates on or near Bellevue avenue $110,000 to $20,000. Land for building sites in any quarter desired. Money to assist purchasers. Houses yearly; summer cottages for the season—a large variety. Tenement houses throughout the city.

Marriages.

In this city, 13th inst., at St. Joseph's Church, by Rev. James Coyle, Peter R. McManus, of Fall River, and Mary E. McCann, of this city.

In Little Compton, August 10th, at the Parsonage, Tiverton 4 Corners, by the Rev. G. W. Lawrence, Emerson Fuller Ash, of Tiverton 4 Corners, to Miss Maude S. Wordell, of Little Compton.

Deaths.

In this city, 16th inst., Ellen, beloved wife of James Jennings, aged 50 years and 11 months.

In this city, 9th inst., Dr. Thomas W. Wood, in the 71st year of his age.

In this city, 10th inst., Flora Alice, daughter of Thomas A. and Elizabeth V. Kelly, aged 4 months.

In this city, 11th inst., William, infant son of John F., and the late Elton Reagan, aged 8 months and 6 days.

In this city, 11th inst., Mary, daughter of Charles Reuben and Henrietta Henderson, aged 8 years.

In this city, 13th inst., Margaret A., daughter of Thomas and Catherine [illegible] years and 5 months.

On the 16th inst., at the residence of Benj. R. Smith, Deborah F. Wharton, of Philadelphia, in her 93d year.

At Middletown, R. I., on Sunday, August 12, Mary Bowman, wife of Rev. Dr. Colt, of St. Paul's School.

In Middletown, 11th inst., Ann E., widow of the late Andrew Chase, in the 83d year of her age.

In New Haven, Conn., 1st inst., Mrs. Annie Smith, wife of Captain Sydney F. Smith and daughter of the late Captain George W., and Margaret T. Hitchcock, aged 32 years.

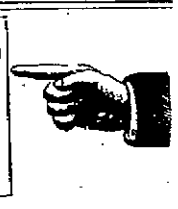
In Providence, 12th inst., Rebecca, wife of Samuel Griffin, 71; 11th, Penelope, wife of Nathaniel W. Westcott, 70; 13th, George Miller, 51.

At Maplewood, N. H., 10th inst., Dr. Wm. Grosvenor, of Providence, in his 79th year.

In Warren, 10th inst., Nathaniel Drown, in his 79th year.

In Pawtucket, 14th inst., Daniel Jillson, in his 80th year.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

There will be sold at public auction on the premises in PORTSMOUTH, on

SATURDAY, September 1st, A. D. 1888, at 12 o'clock, noon, the

Easton Farm,

which belonged to the late ELLEN TOWNSEND, said to contain about one hundred acres, bounded by lands of the devisees of Jacob Mott, the Sea, the Main Road, Corey's Lane, and the devisees of the late A. D. Hodges, with buildings and improvements thereon. Three-fourths of the selling price may remain on mortgage on the estate. By order of

JOHN S. COGGESHALL, Executor.

N. B.—The premises are under lease, to expire March 25, 1889, to which lease the sale will be subject. JOHN S. COGGESHALL, Executor.

7-28

THE CRUCIAL TEST.

The severe analytical tests to which the various baking powders have from time to time been placed have demonstrated clearly to the public the relative merits of the different brands from a scientific point of view. The Government chemists, for instance, have found in their official tests that the Royal Baking Powder gave off the largest amount of leavening gas, and therefore was the most economical for general use. They also found the Royal to be absolutely pure, and the only baking powder that did not contain either lime, alum, or bone or rock phosphate. For these reasons they recommended it for Government uses, and it is now used in the War, Navy and Indian departments.

But the crucial test of the kitchen is, after all, the most satisfactory to the housekeeper. A baking powder that never fails to make light, sweet, wholesome, and palatable bread, biscuit, cake, etc., is the one that will be selected by the practical housekeeper and received into her kitchen for continuous use. This test the Royal Baking Powder has stood for over twenty years without a failure, and hence its reputation as the best baking powder made has spread from house to house, until its use has become as universal as its merits are unrivaled.

SCHREIER'S

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 Thames Street.

SPECIAL SALE!

For one week only. An immense variety of Straw Hats in all shapes and colors at 24c. These goods are reduced from one-quarter their cost. All our trimmed hats reduced to half cost. Special bargains in every department at

SCHREIER'S

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET.

HAY, * STRAW,

GRAIN,

*Salt, * etc.*

—AT—

A. A. BARKER'S,

162 & 164 BROADWAY.

PREPARATION FOR THE

Massachusetts

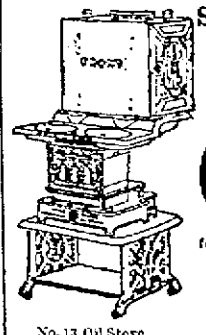
Institute of Technology.

Of the twelve candidates just sent to the Institute by Chauncey Hall School, Boston, six entered entirely clear of "conditions."

Of the remaining six, only one had any "condition" in mathematics; and no candidate was "conditioned in French.

One of the Institute graduates this year had taken the remarkable number of thirty-five honors during his course. His entire preparation for the Institute was made at Chauncey Hall School.

An account of the business and classical departments, and of the arrangements for young children, and special students, may be found in the Sixtieth Annual Catalogue, which will be sent on application.



No. 13 Oil Stove.

SUMMER COOKING STOVES.

LADIES

Send for Catalogue of the Famous

Adams & Westlake

Oil or Vapor Stoves.

Will economize heat, expense and labor, and are just the thing for summer cooking.

Will be delivered free to any town in New England.

C. W. WHEELOCK & CO.,
13 Cornhill, Boston.

COAL

Best Quality for General Family Use. Also WOOD sawed and split as desired.

Pinniger & Manchester,

PERRY MILL WHARF.

Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Dougherty, nee Vose, of Brooklyn, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Stewart, Jr.

A Worthy Cause.

The Board of managers of the Newport Co-operative Exchange for Women's Work acknowledge with thanks the following contributions toward rent for the year beginning August 4th 1888:

Mrs. Seth Brownell	$10.00
Mrs. Robert S. Barker	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lawton	65.00
Miss Whitwell	10.00
Mrs. A. P. Baker	10.00
Mr. Howard Smith	15.00
Miss Annie Bailey	15.00
Mrs. P. A. Bradford	5.00
Mrs. Edward King	5.00
Mr. Thomas Dunn	5.00
Mrs. J. N. A. Griswold	25.00
Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt	25.00
Mrs. Theodore Gibbs	25.00
Mrs. G. F. Jones	10.00
Miss Anna Hazard	24.00
	$250.00

Further donations are asked for, as the full amount is not made up.

MISS S. J. WEAVER,
Treasurer,
Ocean House.

Note.

Members of the exchange holding tickets dated August, 1887-1888, are respectfully solicited to renew their membership at an early date, or notify the recording secretary of withdrawal.

Consignors hereafter will be paid on Monday of each week from eleven to twelve o'clock A. M.

Prompt calls requested.

Excursions Direct to Southern California.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb announce two autumn excursions direct to Southern California, the dates of departure being Monday, September 10 and Monday, October 8. These trips are intended for persons who wish to reach Southern California by the most direct and expeditious route. The transit will be made in the most comfortable manner possible, and the halts by the way will be only for rest. The period of the year selected is when travelling is a delight and when detentions from storms or other causes are least likely to occur. In short it is the most delightful part of the whole year for a transcontinental journey. Persons who join these parties can dispose of their time as they prefer while in California. Hotel coupons which supply board at the leading hotels at reduced rates, may be availed of if desired, and the tickets cover side trips everywhere. The return tickets are good until next summer, and there is a choice of five different routes eastward. In addition to these trips, Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb have autumn excursions to the Pacific Coast via the Yellowstone National Park, and to Colorado. Descriptive circulars may be obtained of W. Raymond, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston, Mass.

Ministers, Lawyers, Teachers, and others whose occupations gives but little exercise, should use Carter's Little Liver Pills for torpid Liver and Biliousness. One is a dose.

Constancy is a rare, a beautiful, a God-like virtue.

There are many forms of nervous debility in men, that yield to the use of Carter's Iron Pills. Those who are troubled with nervous weakness, night sweats, &c., should try them.

The grandest forces in nature are the quick forces.

Derangement of the liver, with constipation, injure the complexion, induce pimples, sallow skin, etc. Remove the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose.

A great heart is as quick to find another out as the world is slow.

The new combination of Smart Weed and Belladonna, as used in Carter's Backache Plasters has proved to be one of the best that could be made. Try one of these popular plasters in any case of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, neuralgia, soreness of the chest or lungs, &c., and you will be surprised and pleased by the prompt relief. In bad cases of chronic dyspepsia, a plaster over the pit of the stomach stops the pain at once. Ask for Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Price 25 cents.

All history shows that nothing is unconquerable but perseverance.

Our American Belles—Our American Belles—
How sweet is the story their beauty tells—
They are wise belles, too, for it is their wont
To use every day their SOZODONT
Which sweetens breath and keeps teeth well,
No wonder we're proud of our American Belles.

Why has Sozodont
Become the staple Dentifrice of America?
Simply because it is impossible to use it even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath.

Breakage is immaterial if you have SPALDINGS GLUE at hand.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Caution.

Beware of Fraud, as my name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all my advertised shoes before leaving the factory, which protect the wearers against high prices and inferior goods. If a dealer offers W. L. Douglas shoes at a reduced price, or says he has them without my name and price stamped on the bottom, put him down as a fraud.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE. FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf $3 Seamless Shoe in the world made without tacks or nails. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them as comfortable and well-fitting as a hand-sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine unless stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. Douglas $4 Shoe, the original and only hand-sewed welt $4 shoe, which equals custom-made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. Douglas $2.50 Shoe is unexcelled for heavy wear.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2 Shoe is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. For sale by

8-4-1f J. M. SWAN.

New Advertisements.

CLOTHING !

Clothing!

We start to-day on our twenty-third annual campaign of

FALL

CLOTHING,

Hats,

CAPS,

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

All ready received a nice line of

GENT'S FALL CLOTHING,

with a full line of

GENT'S FALL HATS.

We are offering our stock of

Summer Clothing

at very low figures to close stock.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

TEBBETTS'

CLOAK STORE,

99 Westminster Street,

Butler Exchange,

Providence, R. I.

We are now having manufactured the largest and cheapest line of ladies', misses' and children's fall and winter cloaks that was ever shown in Providence. We offer the balance of our spring and summer cloaks at these ridiculously low prices, to make room for them.

Ladies' Jackets.

$6.00 Fine black whipcord, former prices $8 to $12.
$5.00 Colored checks and stripes, former prices $6 to $10.
$3.75 Fine black jersey jacket, former price $6.
$2.00 Checks and stripes, former prices $4 to $6.

Ladies' Wraps.

$7.50 All in one lot, the balance of our jetted shoulder capes, former prices $10 to $20. A few fine silk, jet and velvet wraps at half the first prices to close.

Ladies' Jersey Waists.

A fine assortment of ladies' black and white jerseys from $1 to $3 less than early prices.

* Sign of the GREAT WHITE BEAR. *

NORMAL SCHOOL.

THE FALL TERM begins WEDNESDAY, September 5th. Examination of candidates for admission TUESDAY, September 4th.
T. J. MORGAN, Principal, Providence, R. I.
7-14

Few More Left.

Plants, Honey Suckles, Petunias, Hardy Ivies, Ampelopsis or Japan Ivy.

Orders Received

for Sweet Peas, Asters, Marigolds, Mignonette etc.

WILSON'S GREENHOUSES, BROADWAY.

New Advertisements.

Bennett's One Price

CLOTHING STORE.

NEXT CASWELL, MASSEY & Co.

Fall Styles Stiff Hats

Received this week, straw hats being closed out.

New Neckwear, Tennis Shirts, Caps and Belts being added daily.

BENNETT'S One Price Clothing Store.

The best shoe made for the money. All widths and half-sizes. Narrow toe and Wrinkleproof.

No Squeak in These Shoes.

NORMAN,

160 Thames St.

H. W. LADD & CO.

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

AMERICAN

GINGHAMS & SATINES

12 1-2 CENTS.

Late as it is, our assortment of Zephyr Ginghams and Domestic Satines has not been better at any time during the season. Some fifty entirely new designs have just been received. In style they nearly equal the French goods, and at one-third the price.

SPECIAL.

One lot of

4-4 BATISTE

A good assortment of styles. All new goods, at

8 CENTS,

formerly sold at 12 1-2 cents.

H. W. LADD & CO.,

Providence, R.I.

SALESMEN WANTED.

To canvass for a full line of
Hardy Canadian Nursery Stock.
Honest, energetic men, 25 years of age and over, can find steady work for the next twelve months. No experience needed. Full instructions given. We engage on Salary and pay expenses, or on commission. Address (stating age and enclosing Photo.)
L. C. MERRILL & CO., Hartford, Conn.
8-4-1w

A NEW FEATURE

—ON THE—

WICKFORD LINE

4:45 P. M. LIMITED EXPRESS

BETWEEN

NEWPORT AND NEW YORK.

Commencing Monday, July 30th, the equipment of the above train will be further improved by the addition of a

NEW DINING CAR,

running through to Groton and returning on train leaving New York at 5 P. M. and arriving at Newport at 10:40 P. M.

A table d'hote dinner will be served going westward and supper a la carte furnished eastward. The car is of the very best Pullman make, containing all the features and appliances that have made these coaches so famous wherever railroad trains are run, and will be under the management of a veteran employee of the Pullmans in their dining car service.

J. R. GARDINER, Supt.
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LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES.

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Paris Medal on every bottle.
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INDIA SILKS at 85c.
MOHAIR PLUSH at $2.00.
TAPESTRIES at $1.25 to $3.50.
GIMPS and CORDS in all shades.
REED and RATTAN CHAIRS,
TABLES from $1.50 to $85.

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Upholstered, Repaired and Made to Order.

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Made to Order and Made Over at Short Notice.

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that are the best in the market at a very low price. All goods will be sold at a reduced price for the next 60 days to make room for my fall goods. Call and examine and you will be sure to buy.

H. J. JONES,

14 Mill Street

Miscellaneous.

PEOPLE

are talking about a dull season, and no money, and a hard winter, and all that sort of thing before the season is half over. Just wait till February, then you will have good reason to grumble. Keep clever and do as the RELIABLE CLOTHING CO. do. Drive business. Sell goods cheap and keep them moving. We are sending clothing all over the surrounding country, and our hats and furnishing trade increases daily. Just see what we are doing.

CHILDREN'S SAILOR SUITS,

90 CENTS.

MEN'S ALL-WOOL SUITS,

FORMER PRICES,
$12, $14, $15, Now $10 each to close.

Straw Hats

we have had a perfect picnic with, and now to dispose of the balance, as we need the room for the biggest stock of hats ever purchased for a

Fall and Winter Season,

we have decided to close at following prices.

HATS.

Men's sailors, plain and fancy bands at $1 each, former price $1.50, 1.75, 2.00. Only a few of them, but we will not carry over one.
Men's hats 50c., former price $1, 1.25.
Men's hats at 15c. each, former prices 50 and 75c.

For genuine bargains in clothing and honest dealing and one price and a place to change goods if unsatisfactory and money refunded if goods fail to suit, visit the

Reliable Clothing Company,

Largst and Lowest Price Dealers

in Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods,

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Greene, the Hatter, Manager.

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W. F. Spingler

begs to call the attention of his patrons and the public generally to the desirability of the

Morris Fabrics

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Interior Decoration,

both on account of the beauty of design and coloring and the durability of dye. They are particularly adapted for resisting the ordinary effects of damp-ness and salt air.

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California Peaches, Apricots and Plums constantly on hand.

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Miscellaneous.

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All Traveling Expenses Included.

18 AUTUMN TRIPS

IN THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER,

Of from five to thirteen days, with visits to all the leading Mountain, Lake, River, Spring and Seaside Resorts in New England, the Middle States, and Canada, including the White Mountains, Montreal, Quebec, the Saguenay River, Lake Memphremagog, Stowe, Vt., the Summit of Mount Mansfield, Isles of Shoals, Mount Desert, Moosehead Lake, Old Orchard Beach, Hudson River, Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, Ausable Chasm, the Adirondack Mountains, Mauch Chunk, the Wyoming Valley, Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, the Thousand Islands, the St. Lawrence River and Rapids, Trenton Falls, etc.

Excursion No. 17 will include New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, the Battlefield of Gettysburg, Blue Mountain House, Shenandoah Valley, Caverns of Luray, Natural Bridge of Virginia, James River Valley, Richmond, Va., and Washington, D. C.

In addition to the above, a party will leave Boston September 10 for a tour of the Yellowstone National Park, continuing the journey Across the Continent.

On the same date there will be an excursion to Colorado and "Around the Circle" in the Rocky Mountains.

October 8, an excursion over the Northern Pacific to the Pacific Northwest and California.

Also September 10 and October 8, excursions to Southern California direct, over the Santa Fe route.

W. RAYMOND. I. A. WHITCOMB.

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MISSES'

—AND—

CHILDREN'S,

—AT—

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Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Company.

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SLEEPING CARS!

On and after this date, until further notice, a SLEEPING CAR,

attached to the trains corresponding with the 11.15 P. M. boat from Newport, will run from Wickford Landing on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION

is called to the fact that passengers taking the 9.15 P. M. boat can reach Providence at 9.55 P. M., or Boston at 11 o'clock THE SAME NIGHT.

J. R. GARDNER, Superintendent.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent. 8-4
Newport, August 2, 1888.

Special Sale.

A large lot of Gentlemen's Balmorals, Hand Sewed, former price $7.50, reduced to $5. Machine sewed, former price $5, reduced to $3.50 and 4, at

SEABURY'S

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Miscellaneous.

The Aquidneck.

This favorite hotel is now open. Graduated prices according to room and time occupied.

L. F. ATTLETON,

Proprietor.

Butter, Cream

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from our own farm. Orders solicited and delivered promptly.

Riverside Farm,

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Old Magazines

—FOR—

5c. EACH.

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5 CENTS EACH

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AUGUST PATTERNS RECEIVED.

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Orders may be left at the

MERCURY OFFICE.

6-2

Clearance Sale!

Shop-worn books, magazines, games, picture frames, pictures and odd lots of writing paper. Shall also dispose of my Japanese goods at a large reduction.

PIANOS TO RENT

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We keep the latest styles in

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Choicest of Goods,

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CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Patent Medicines.

F. N. Barlow & Co.,

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NOTICE is hereby given to picnic parties and others that the premises known as the "Hanging Rock Grounds" is private property, and that all persons are hereby forbidden using or entering upon the same, without first making arrangements with the undersigned. This notice is published in consequence of recent depredations to the property.

A. A. BROWN.
Hanging Rock Farm, Middletown, R. I.
7-28

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that it is now the time to find out where you can find the best

PRESERVE JAR?

If you will call at

G. A. Weaver's, 19 & 23 B'way

and see his stock of Self-sealing and Lightning preserve jars and jelly tumblers you will save both time and money.

Imported Bulbs, Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Snowdrops, and Lilies

from the same grower as those planted on Washington Square Park last fall.

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NEWPORT OFFICE,

WALDRON BATES,

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HERBERT J. WELLS, President.
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Farm and Family

Trees Low or High.

Passing an orchard of young trees set out last spring, the trees all stood with bare trunks at least four feet and no limbs. The young growth was very scant, which is not natural in such a year as this, when all trees are making unusual growth. It looks as if the height of the limbs had caused the small growth and it would be natural that trees so trimmed would only make a small growth, as the sap has to be forced through such a length of bare stem. At present all—or nearly all—orchardists prefer the plan of letting trees branch out near the ground and have little bare stem. This is found to work well in all respects. It is easy to reach the limbs to trim or prune, and when the tree begins to bear fruit it will be within easy reach of all. There is another reason of great value because it relates to the life of the tree. When trees begin to force up sap in the early spring the sapwood and bark are very tender and often hot days come that do serious injury. You will find many trees of different varieties which are dead on the southwest side. On some very warm day, when the sap was forced up strongly, the hot afternoon sun has scorched the bark and killed the side of the tree then toward it. If the tree had limbs and was in leaf, it would not suffer because the foliage would shade the stem and prevent the sun from burning it. The true way to avoid this loss is to fasten a split stake against the tree so as to shade it from the afternoon sun. There are many reasons for trees having low tops, and none against it, unless it is objected that a team and plow cannot work close to it. Some are willing to dig around their trees with mattocks, and that is necessary to secure good cultivation. Low-topped trees have these advantages:

1. They are naturally more vigorous than trees with long stems and high tops.
2. They are easily reached to trim or prune, or to pick fruit.
3. In high winds they do not blow over, as many large trees do in young orchards.
4. It is claimed that low-topped trees bear more prolifically. In all orchards the low limbs bear best.
5. High-top trees in case of a sleet storm are more apt to break down and receive injury than if the tops are low.—[San Francisco Bulletin.

The Disposition of Turkeys.

There are some facts concerning this breed of fowls that everybody may not know, and yet should be known. A leading point is that the sexes should not be akin, and the males should be changed every year. This requires great care in selection to secure a good fowl to become the head of the family. Unless these rules are observed there will be apt to occur losses during the season that will make success impossible. The eggs may hatch and the poults grow for awhile well enough, but in time you may realize losses you cannot repair that will despoil the profits. Another rule is to be good natured with turkeys and treat them gently and kindly. If they are treated so well as to feel confidence in their owners, they will not stray from their nests. When nesting time comes they wander about calling continually. Then, if they are gentle and feel all right, you can easily turn down boxes and barrels to make nests with straw and they will soon examine them and, if satisfied, will take possession. When they have laid their litters, put away the eggs for hens to set on and keep madam turkey's mind occupied and interested, if you can. A few day's confinement in a pen, and then allow her to run with a gobler again, and she forgets her maternal intentions and soon recommences the more sensible duty of laying eggs.—[Ex.

The Cow Pea for Forage.

The St. Louis Journal of Agriculture says: The cow pea is used largely in all of the Southern States for producing forage and for fertilizing purposes. It grows luxuriantly upon the poorest soil and needs but little or no cultivation. If sown broadcast the yield per acre of vines is immense; if sown in drills the yield is also great; if sown or drilled in between the corn rows and covered by the last plowing the pea will not mature in this latitude, but the yield of vine will be large, which can be either plowed under green or turned under after the corn is taken off the ground. In either case there will be a large amount of fertilizer put under the ground for next year's crops. The cow pea is rich food for hogs, horses and cattle. All of the domestic animals are fond of both pea and vine. The former being as rich, or richer, in fat-producing chemicals as corn and the vine contains 51 per cent. of nutritive matter; being richer and better than hay or either blue grass, timothy or vetches, by 2 or 3 per cent. The sugar planters of Louisiana buy their seed every year and sow the pea broadcast between the rows and value the plant as a fertilizer. It is cheaper and better than any other manure used.

Quality of Corn Fodder.

It is gratifying to know that farmers are learning to drill corn even for fodder thinly, instead of putting the seed so close as was once the practice. Thin seeding gives nearly the bulk of the thick seeding, and of vastly better quality, even when the season favors that quickly sown. If a drought comes on, the corn covering the whole surface dries up and is nearly worthless. That put in so that the horse and cultivator can run through it, keeps on growing, and will be more or less ears. Even this, superior as it is to sown fodder corn, is not equal in feeding value to the corn grown far enough apart in rows to bear a full crop. The stalks that have born a full ear are richer than those that only bear a nubbin, unless the latter is also thrown in.

Protecting Strawberries.

H. Schnell of Missouri gives to the Rural World a statement of his experiment in covering strawberries for winter. He mulched one-half of a field early in winter or before hard freezing, and the other half not till January, after very cold weather. Those which were covered with the mulch bore a very fine crop; the plants in the other half of the field had but few blossoms and only scattered and imperfect berries. The dividing line was very distinct. The varieties on which this experiment was made were Windsor Chief, Manchester, and Cumberland, which suffered largely in consequence of the late mulching, while the Crescent, a harder sort, bore a fair crop under the exposure, although the plants were less thrifty. The degree of cold is not stated. In many localities, where the midwinter cold is not so intense, the plants often suffer more from the freezing and thawing of March, and the treatment must be adapted to circumstances. But generally, in all the northern states, the plants come out in spring from under even a slight cover, with a fresh, green, and healthy appearance, in contrast with the brown and injured leaves of exposed plants, a single thickness of evergreen branches making quite a difference, and the protected plants give more and earlier berries.—[Country Gentleman.

To Clear Waste Pipes.

A retired plumber thus gives a point for the gratuitous relief of householders: "Just before retiring at night pour into the clogged pipe enough liquid soda lye to fill the trap or bent part of the pipe. Be sure that no water runs in it until the next morning. During the night the lye will convert all the offal into soft soap, and the first current of water in the morning will wash it away and clear the pipe clean as new."—[The Sanitary Era.

Recipes of the Table.

CAULIFLOWER SALAD—Boil a cauliflower till about two-thirds done; let it get cold, then break it in branches; lay them neatly in a dish.

MUTTON STEW—Boil the mutton in flour, put on to boil in a suitable amount of water, season with salt, pepper and an onion. Cook slowly three or four hours.

SARDINE SALAD—Bone and skin some sardines and divide them into fillets; have ready some lettuce; put them in the centre of the dish, put the fillets all around, alternately, with French olives washed and stoned.

PEPPER NUTS—Two cups of sugar, one of butter, one of sour cream, with one-half tablespoonful of soda dissolved in it, four eggs, flour enough to roll out. Flavor with nutmeg and cut any shape desired.

BEEF CROQUETTES—Three pounds of cooked beef, chopped very fine, one egg, butter the size of a walnut, two tablespoonfuls of sweet cream, salt and pepper to taste, mold into pear-shape, roll in flower, and fry in hot lard.

BEEF HEART—Boil it for four or five hours in salt and water (I use a tablespoonful of salt), serve cold, thinly sliced. Save the water in which it was boiled. The next day make a soup of it, by the addition of more water and soup vegetables, chopped fine.

SALAD DRESSING—Beat together the juice of a lemon and the raw yolks of two eggs; then slowly drop in enough olive oil to make a thick cream, stirring gently and continuously while adding the oil. Vinegar may be used instead of lemon juice if preferred; a little made mustard and salt can be added.

PLUM CAKES—Two and one-half cups of sugar, half a cup of sour milk, two spoonfuls of cream, a teaspoonful of saleratus, half a spoonful of cinnamon and of nutmeg, a cupful of chopped raisins, and about six cupfuls of flour, or sufficient to knead. Roll out an inch thick, cut into oblong pieces, and bake in a quick oven.

FRIED GRAHAM MUFFINS—Mix a cup of graham flour with a cup of sifted wheat flour in which a teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, and half a teaspoonful of soda (or two teaspoonfuls baking powder) have been mixed; stir all thoroughly, then add a cup of milk and one egg; beat well, then dip a tablespoon in cold milk and take up a rounding spoonful of the batter and drop in hot fat and fry like doughnuts. This will be very light and tender.

FRIED OYSTERS—Dust them with flour and pepper, drop into an equal mixture of lard and salad oil made smoking hot, and serve the instant the edges begin to curl. Some cooks roll them in cracker dust or Indian meal and then fry them. A substantial dish may be maid of fried oysters by having ready some mashed potatoes nicely seasoned, and placed around the edge of a hot dish in such a way as to form a wall, and serving the oysters in this dish.

BAKED APPLE PUDDING—Fill a three quart earthern dish with pared and quartered apples; sprinkle on these one cup of sugar, a little cinnamon, fresh butter the size of a small egg and one-half cup of water; cover and bake thirty minutes. Roll a piece of chopped paste into a strip about two inches wide that will reach around the pudding dish; roll the remainder to cover the dish. Take the pudding dish from the oven, slip the strip of waste between the apple and the dish and put on the top crust; return to the oven and bake one hour. Serve with creamy sauce.

GREEN PEA SOUP—Measure out a peck of fresh young peas, shell them, put them into a saucepan or porcelain kettle with a clean head of tender lettuce, and water just sufficient to cover them, adding more if necessary. When soft, cream together six ounces of fresh butter and a teaspoonful of flour, put it to the peas and boil a quarter of an hour. In another vessel boil a quart of new milk and a large half pint of cream, adding the peas, first removing the head of lettuce. Have the pepper and salt at the bottom of the tureen and poor in the soup without straining.

CHICKEN PIE—Cut up a nice, plump chicken into joints, which lay upon a dish, season lightly with chopped parsley and prepared seasoning; then lay the back, cut into three pieces, at the bottom of a pie dish, with the two legs on either side; have half a pound of cooked ham or bacon in slices, a layer of which cover over, then lay in the two wings, and over them the breast, cut into two pieces, which, with the remainder of the ham or bacon, form into a dome in the middle, pour half a pint of white sauce over, if handy, or a little broth or water, cover with paste, and bake it rather better than an hour in a moderate oven. If you have no white sauce, dip each piece lightly in flour; serve hot.

RUMP STEAK PIE—Procure two pounds of rump steak, which cut into thinnish slices, season well with prepared seasoning, dip each piece into flour, and lay them in a small pie dish, finishing the top in the form of dome; add a wineglass of water, then have ready half a pound of half-puff paste, cut off a small piece, which roll into a band, and lay round the edge of the dish, having previously wetted it with a paste brush dipped in water; then roll out the remainder of the paste to about the size of the dish, damp the band of paste upon the dish, and lay the other piece over, make a hole with a knife at the top, press the edges evenly down with your thumbs, trim the pie round with a knife, egg over the top with a paste brush, and ornament it with the trimmings of the paste, according to fancy; bake it rather better than an hour in a moderate oven, and serve hot or cold.

JAM PUDDING—Two teacupfuls flour in which has been well mixed two tablespoonfuls baking power, piece of butter size of an egg well mixed through flour. Make into a dough with cold water. Roll into sheet and spread with a teacupful of any jam or jelly; roll dough as you would roll jelly cake, pinch ends and seams firmly together, place in well buttered steamer and steam one hour. Serve with cream and sugar, or lemon sauce.

Rich and Poor,

Prince and Peasant, the Millionaire and Day Laborer, by their common use of this remedy, attest the world-wide reputation of **Ayer's Pills**. Leading physicians recommend these pills for Stomach and Liver Troubles, Costiveness, Biliousness, and Sick Headache; also, for Rheumatism, Jaundice, and Neuralgia. They are sugar-coated; contain no calomel; are prompt, but mild, in operation; and, therefore, the very best medicine for Family Use, as well as for Travelers and Tourists.

"I have derived great relief from **Ayer's Pills**. Five years ago I was taken so ill with

Rheumatism

that I was unable to do any work. I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and was entirely cured. Since that time I am never without a box of these pills." Peter Christensen, Sherwood, Wis.

"**Ayer's Pills** have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years and have completely verified all that is claimed for them. In attacks of piles, from which I suffered many years, they afford greater relief than any other medicine I ever tried." — T. F. Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I have used **Ayer's Pills** for a number of years, and have never found anything equal to them for giving me an appetite and imparting energy and strength to the system. I always keep them in the house."—R. D. Jackson, Wilmington, Del.

"Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me of severe

Headache,

from which I was long a sufferer. — Emma Keyes, Hubbardston, Mass.

"Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again." — A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va.

"Ayer's Pills are in general demand among our customers. Our sales of them exceed those of all other pills combined. We have never known them fail to give entire satisfaction." — Wright & Hannelly, San Diego, Texas.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

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Prevents the Hair from Falling, Cleansing and Invigorating to the Scalp, Tonic and Stimulating to the Growth of the Hair, Cools the Head, and as a Dressing, Soft and Brilliant in Effect!

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Use Wright's Odentine for the Teeth

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A NEW

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would announce to the citizens of Newport and vicinity that he has on hand and will continue to keep at all times all kinds of

Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Clams

and all else usually found in a first class fish market, and would respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

THOMAS W. STEVENS,
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7-1-tf

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Hard Wood Chamber Suits,

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NEW LINE OF

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Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

M. COTTRELL,

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Do You Want

a SOFA, LOUNGE, EASY CHAIR or any Upholstered Furniture?

—CALL AT—

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and have it made at your own price, upon a guarantee of being perfectly satisfactory.

Furniture Repairing, Mattresses Made Over. Window Shades Put Up, Carpets Made and Laid, &c., &c.

GEO. NASON.

10-3

—AT—

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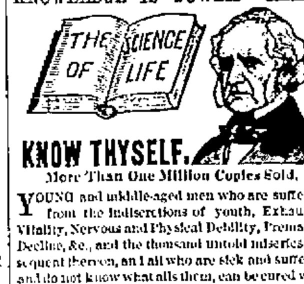

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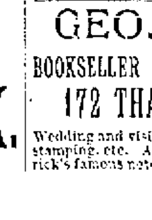

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There is on the estate a large mansion house well furnished, long occupied by prominent summer visitors who have been attracted to the place by its many advantages. The reputation of "Bateman's" is established and is in every respect first-class. The estate extends to the sea, and its four sides are bounded by excellent roads, the famous ocean drive being along and through its west front. The fences on three sides are of stone and unsurpassed by any fences of the kind. There is not a more desirable spot to be found in Rhode Island and can be easily divided if desired and put into the market.

The attention of investors and those contemplating summer residences in Newport is invited to this property.

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In one or two stores. Apply to

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BUILDING LOTS,

60 by 110 (6600 square feet of land) for one hundred and fifty dollars, situated on the Howland plat, south of the Ferry Road and west of Howland avenue, Jamestown, Conanicut Island.

These lots are only a short distance from the Ferry, and now is the time to secure a good building lot for only $150, as the number is limited at that price. Apply to

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Two good new order wagons for sale cheap or for exchange, at

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GENTLEMEN,

SMOKING SETS,

CIGAR CASES

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CIGAR TUBES,

SMALL BOXES OF

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Cigars,

Suitable for presents. Call and examine.

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At prices generally lower than can be found elsewhere. Pleased to have you visit us,

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Will carry on the TAILORING BUSINESS with a carefully selected stock of

Fashionable & Seasonable Goods.

By close attention to business and an exact execution of orders, he hopes to obtain a share of the public patronage.

All ready received a full line of

Men's, Youths'

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White & Fancy

FLANNEL

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The largest stock in New England. Also a nice variety of

White, Grey and Fancy Striped COats.

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WHITE & GREY

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PANTS!

in long and short legs have arrived.

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I have on hand from

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Also a good assortment of

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A FRIGHTFUL SKIN DISEASE.

Sufferings Intense. Head Nearly Raw. Body Covered with Sores. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

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Dear Sirs,—About two months ago, on your recommendation, I bought a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, one box CUTICURA SALVE and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, for my 6-year-old thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighbors.

WM. S. STEPHENSON.

WINCHESTER, P. O., UNION CO., N. C.

MONROE, N. C., Oct. 29, 1887.

THE POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.:

Gentlemen,—Mr. Wm. S. Stephenson of this county brought his son to town to-day to let us see him, and to show us what CUTICURA REMEDIES had done for him. This is the case referred to in our letter to you some time ago. To to-day the boy now, one would suppose that there had never been anything the matter with him,—seems to be in perfect health. We have written and herewith inclose what his father has to say about the matter,—wrote just as he dictated.

We are selling quite a quantity of CUTICURA REMEDIES, and hear nothing but praises for them. We regard the CUTICURA REMEDIES the best in the market, and shall do all we can to promote their sale. Yours truly,

STEVENS & BRUNER,
Druggists and Pharmacists.

CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, prepared from it, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin prevented by CUTICURA SOAP.

A SUMMER PRESCRIPTION.

EXPOSURE to a chill during the drive, or to night air, or unexpected change of temperature, is a most frequent cause of sudden stomach ills, which all should guard against by a timely cup of Ginger Tea, made from SANFORD'S GINGER, a most popular and delicious preventive of summer ills.

This unrivaled household panacea and delicious summer medicine is an original combination of Imported Ginger, Choice Aromatics, and French Brandy, vastly superior to all other "gingers."

It instantly relieves cramps and pains, speedily checks all forms of summer ills, prevents indigestion, destroys disease germs in water drunk, restores the circulation and digestion when suspended by a chill,—a frequent cause of stomach troubles,—breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious, and epidemic influences.

Beware of "gingers" urged in place of

Sanford's Ginger,

Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

PAINS and WEAKNESSES

OF FEMALES

Instantly relieved by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a new, most agreeable, instantaneous and infallible pain-killing plaster, especially adapted to relieve Female Pains and Weaknesses. Warranted vastly superior to all other plasters, and the most perfect Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness yet compounded. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for $1.00; or, postage free, of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell,

HAY-FEVER TRY the CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50c. at druggists; by mail registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

"SET A THIEF! TO CATCH A THIEF!"

Writes, from the depths of his grateful heart a parent at Clarendon Hills, Ills., and he adds, "If there is a poison in DR. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS! well, it just caught the poison in my Susie's blood and *carried it* all away—the two destroyed each other—and left her strong and healthy."—While DR. CYRUS EDSON, of the N. Y. BOARD OF HEALTH, says of *Arsenic*:—"Understandingly administered internally, it is literally a 'LIFE RENEWER!' It CLEARS the skin, adds BRILLIANCY to the eyes, DEVELOPES the form and is one of the MOST VALUABLE medicines known. It enters into the composition of what is commonly known as *Love* powders.

"It is not only used in FATTENING the human body, but it is also applied frequently to horses for putting them in condition.

"It is commonly used in Fever and Ague Cures, and when prudently employed is a valuable agent in MALARIA. *The abuse of the drug is mainly an individual matter, for which the person himself is chiefly responsible.*"

DR. JAS. P. CAMPBELL'S SAFE ARSENIC COMPLEXION WAFERS are sold by all reputable druggists, or sent by mail from the depot, 146 West 16th street, N. Y. Price $1 per box. 9-3-12m

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 15 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00,—less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of Skin Disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease, Scrofula.

SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep-seated diseases. Do not ever take BLUE PILLS or mercury, they are deadly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

DON'T WAIT! Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS.

Is Your Tongue Coated with a yellow, sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately. Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or high-colored?

If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use **Sulphur Bitters!** Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once; it will cure you. SULPHUR BITTERS is

THE INVALID'S FRIEND!

The young, the aged and infirm are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here. It may save your life; it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow,

TRY A BOTTLE TO-DAY!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 2 2-cent stamps to A. P. ORDWAY & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published.

CAMP SPRAGUE.

The Return to Washington and Routine Camp Life—Distinguished Visitors—Fatal Accident While on Guard Duty—The Trip to Virginia—Incidents Just Preceding the Battle of Bull Run.

BY GEORGE B. SMITH.

Upon arriving in Washington our Company was detailed to unload the battery and baggage wagons which was no small job, but the sun had not yet reached a very high point, it being only half past seven. This was on Wednesday morning, June 19. The regiment marched directly to camp, and after our work was done we also started for camp. At the depot we were given a treat of gingerbread and cold ham, and when we reached camp we took to our bunks and many of us were soon sound asleep. We enjoyed our old straw beds after lying on the ground for nine nights.

One thing I forgot to mention in the proper place was that as we were going up the mountains we came to one village where was a large staff with a rebel flag flying from it. This was taken by some of our men, staff and all. The flag was cut in pieces and distributed to the men and the staff was carried upon the men's shoulders for some miles when, as night was upon us, I lost sight of it altogether. The next day after we got back to camp some of the men thought that they would have a little fun, and a long staff was raised and coated with about half an inch of grease, then came a struggle for the prize at the top. After that there was a chasing of the greased pig which a man caught in his arms, grabbing the tail between his teeth. Boxing and a few other things followed, after which we settled down into the usual routine of camp life.

On the 21st we received new blouses and pants and now we feel that we are a little more dressed up at parades. A few days ago our battery left us again to rejoin General Patterson at Haggarstown who seemed at last disposed for active operations. That long march towards Harper's Ferry, when the General was so slow in his movements, and so unskilful, that General Jackson was allowed to slip out without allowing us even to get sight of him, was not forgotten. By this action, or inaction, Gen. Johnson was enabled to do a great deal towards our defeat at Bull Run. Our battery, while with Gen. Patterson, never saw any service except picket duty or some drudgery, and after their departure we began again to talk of being put into active service, but we were kept back for the present.

Saturday morning I was on guard and it was terribly foggy. About 3 o'clock I heard a band coming. It came nearer and nearer, and it was soon known that the Second regiment from home were expected. We were drawn up in line, and in a few moments the new comers arrived at the entrance where private Jere Brown brought them to a halt, and their commander being without the countersign, was obliged to wait until admitted by the officer of the day. Then we gave them a grand welcome, for they had come as brothers to us and were soon to share the fate of Bull Run with us. They came heavily loaded down, having enlisted for three years or the war. They pitched their sugar-loaf tents in the grove just south of us and upon the same ground with us. These tents would accommodate 18 men, sleeping with their heads to the outside and the feet to the centre, while ours were of the A pattern and we slept 5 in a tent side by side.

Sunday, June 23d.—We had service to-day in the camp of the 2d Regiment, and Bishop Clark gave us a fine sermon. Our dinner was delayed until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. After dinner President Lincoln and his wife took a ride out to camp and spent some time with us. At the usual hour we formed in two regiments of 2000 men, for dress parade, and it was estimated that at least two thousand spectators were present to witness the review and parade, and words of praise were continually going up from that vast throng for the good appearance of those two regiments from the little state of Rhode Island.

On Monday, both regiments fell in, marched to the city and formed in front of the White House where they passed in review before the President and members of his cabinet. One person standing with the Presidential party, very prominent, was Gen. Scott. After this review we took up the line of march for camp, arriving there at half past seven. It was so late that the evening parade was omitted and it was eight o'clock before we had supper. After that meal came the usual roll call, and then we were glad to retire to pleasant dreams.

On Wednesday, 26th, our company was detailed for guard duty. We had a heavy thunder shower and during the night the 28th New York Regiment arrived and encamped just below us. June 27th Co. C was detailed for guard duty. On the 28th we went out in the country to drill and we halted in front of Glenwood Cemetery. Being allowed a short rest, many of us went into the cemetery, looked at the different tombs and the flowers, and then, after a short halt, fell in again and took up the march for camp. At the usual time in the afternoon, both regiments fell in for dress parade. We stood in front with the second in the rear of us, and after the dress parade we fell into marching column, passing in review. It was a fine sight.

On Sunday, June 30, we had regimental inspection when everything was closely examined—knapsacks, cartridge boxes, muskets and everything we had on. The knapsacks were unslung and placed at the feet, open. After the inspection was over we marched down to the grove without muskets, and had our usual religious service and after that we spent the day as we chose until 6 o'clock, when we assembled for dress parade which brought out an immense crowd of visitors including the President, his cabinet, members of congress and distinguished ministers and officials of different kinds and a host of others that swelled the number into the thousands.

July 1st came with a rain storm which interfered with dress parade. The battery left us for Virginia. At night a comet was seen. July 2nd the air was quite comfortable and we had battalion drill in the afternoon. Evening parade was held at the usual hour, then came supper and roll call and tonight the comet was again seen. On Wednesday, July 3d, we had visitors at the dress parade the President and Secretary Seward. On the 4th of July Congress met and during the morning the two regiments were received by Gov. Sprague. At eleven o'clock we marched down to the camp of the 2nd Regiment and listened to a prayer by Chaplain Jameson of the 2nd; the reading of the Declaration of Independence, by Rev. Father Quinn, assistant chaplain of the 1st, and a poem by Capt. Dyer of the 2nd, mingled with music from both bands. In the afternoon Prof. Sweet, a private in the 2nd Regiment, delighted most of us by a tight rope performance and swallowing the sword. A national salute of 34 guns was fired at sunrise, noon and sunset, and thus the day passed without accident of any kind. July 5th, we had battalion drill, and charged bayonets on the double quick. The usual interesting dress parade took place at 6 o'clock and was witnessed by a large company of spectators.

On Saturday our company was detailed again for guard duty and while the battery was down by the Washington monument, drilling before breakfast, one of the ammunition wagons was blown to pieces by the bursting of a shell. Private Bourn was killed and Private Morse was mortally wounded. The latter lingered for an hour or two and then passed peacefully away. This caused a gloom to rest upon the camp. The funeral services were performed by both chaplains at noon and then their bodies were sent to their friends at Providence.

Very soon after this sad affair the Journals of New York began to cry "On to Richmond" and indications of an advance movement began to multiply. Nearly everything that pertained to the army found its way into the public papers and the Rebel generals had doubtless full information respecting the plans of the government. The army was brigaded on the 8th of July, and many of the regiments forming these brigades and many of the officers commanding them, had never before seen each other, or hardly known of each other, and most of them were raw recruits. In order for an advance to be made it was very necessary that staff officers should be appointed, wagon trains organized, stores collected, ammunition and arms inspected, trusty guides found and reliable maps consulted and surveyed, that the most trustworthy intelligence might be gained. On the 11th of July we had battalion drill at 4 o'clock in the morning and the usual dress parade in the evening, when we broke into marching column and passed in review before the President, and a President's salute was fired by the battery. After the parade was dismissed the President came around to see us, going through the different quarters and shaking hands, no doubt feeling that many of us poor fellows before many days would be lying low upon the soil of Virginia. Friday, the 12th, after the parade, we passed in review before the Secretary of War, marching by platoons and then the battery fired the customy salute. Saturday began with rain but after a while it cleared up so that we could go on with the regular duties and at the evening parade we again passed in review before the President and the battery fired a President's salute, after which we were about ready for our supper. Sunday morning, the 1st and 2d regiments formed and a picture was taken for the use of some paper as it was expected to be the last chance before we went into Virginia. At the evening parade the crowd of visitors was very large and seemed to outnumber all other days. Monday, July 15th, we were ordered out for the evening parade in heavy marching orders and after the parade we marched in review before Senator Crittendon.

Tuesday, the 16th of August, at one o'clock we marched out of camp in high glee, passed through the city and across long bridge into Virginia. This army of soldiers consisted of 47 regiments of infantry, 11 batteries of artillery and 4 companies of cavalry; in all it was estimated to number about 42,000 men and divided into 5 divisions. Of this number, 15 regiments and one battery constituted the reserve, to which were added on the day of battle 4 regiments and 3 batteries. Our brigade consisted of the 1st and 2d Rhode Island, 71st New York, and the 2d New Hampshire regiments. General Runyon with the 4th Division was left to the rear to follow and hold the line of communication.

When we left Washington we consisted of 35,000 men, besides the artillery, and marched in three columns, one by way of Alexandria, upon the railroad leading to Manassas and upon the county road parallel with it, under General Heintzelman, and another under Gen. Tyler upon the road leading to Leesburg as far as Vienna, and a third or centre column under Col. Hunter, to which our brigade was attached, from Long Bridge upon the road to Fairfax Court House.

At half past seven in the evening we halted and bivouaced at Annadale. We lay upon the ground by companies in a large field, one company back of the other, and each man covered with his red blanket, and there we slept the sleep of the soldier while the stars looked peacefully down upon us and a gentle dew settled over our blankets; at our side lay our trusty rifles, within reach and ready for action. After a weary march of 14 miles, being very tired, our sleep was as sweet as the circumstances would allow, and was filled with dreams of home and friends far away. Just previous to closing our eyes the notes of the drums gave a pleasant sensation as those of one regiment beat the tattoo and then those of another regiment took it up, and so on until the sounds died away in the distance.

At sunrise the reveille was taken up in the same way, and when I awoke and looked around it seemed as though I was the only one awake, and it was a splendid sight as those different companies lay in regular order under their red blankets covered with heavy dew. Soon after our reveille sounded the men began to grasp their muskets, and move their stiffened limbs, and looked upon a day of mysteries to us.

It was Col. Slocum's wish that his own regiment, the 2d, should lead and, poor fellow, he was one of the first to be killed. We were obliged to move very cautiously and we started out in the order named: 2d Rhode Island regiment in advance, then the 1st and 2d New Hampshire, and the 71st New York. We knew that the enemy occupied Fairfax Court House and we expected trouble when we got there. The Colonel brought us to a halt, cautioned us of the danger ahead and bade every man to be steady. After awhile we came to a barricade of large trees lying across the road, and in one case a large tree was tipped off of a high bank and stood on its head in the road. This only hindered us a short time, however, as the brave New Hampshire boys, with their broad axes, soon cleared the road and we moved on again. Presently, looking up the hill, we saw a long line of breastworks, made of bags filled with sand, and directly across our path. We expected to be hewn down by the guns of the enemy here, but we kept on without being molested, and the skirmishers of the 2d regiment passed in and took possession, the place being entirely empty, with the exception of one colored man who appeared to be guarding some private property of one of the rebel officers. They must have left in a great hurry as their camp fires were still burning and their food was scattered around in messes just as they left it, without even finishing their breakfast. This was a time for pillage, and not only the things in the camp were taken, but some of the men entered the dwellings and used the things there just as they pleased, even to the pianos and bedding, and I saw one man with a long piece of broadcloth in his hand which he had taken from a store, and which he left on the road. Others rolled barrels of crackers out on the road and did many other things that at home they would shun to do. But as soon as this was known to the Colonel he put a stop to it, and threatened to punish everyone who should disobey these orders. We were kept under closer quarters after that. The color sergeant of the 2d climbed to the roof of the Court House and fastened his flag there, so that the other divisions could see that the Union men were there. Our Company was detailed for guard duty, but those of us of the color guard were not allowed to go on as we had the flag to protect, so we enjoyed more liberties than the others. We went into a field and dug some potatoes, then built a camp fire and roasted them, made some cakes of meal we found in one of the houses, and I think we had a good dinner. We wandered around in different parts of the town and saw other earthworks and other camps, that were deserted by the enemy at the same time as the first, and some of the officers found valuable medicine chests which were taken for our use and a well filled mail bag had just arrived. Then there were tents and bales of blankets which came quite handy.

We remained here through the afternoon and night, and in the morning we started at 8 o'clock and marched about a mile and halted in the woods, where we stayed until 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when we marched six miles farther and halted within about a mile from Centreville, and at sunset our whole division was safely bivouacked for awhile. After supper we settled down upon the cold ground for a night's rest. A smart shower came up during the night, and after breakfast the next day we went to work and built small booths of the boughs of trees, which kept the sun from us during the day, but they were no protection in a storm.

(To be continued.)

Industrial Decadence of Taunton.

Business prospects in Taunton, says a correspondent, are not over bright at present, and unless something turns up for the better before long Taunton will fall behind in population. During the past decade the showing in business prospects has been very weak. There has been an increase in the manufacturing facilities at the Whittenton mills and there have been more people put on the pay rolls. Reed & Barton built a large addition to their silver plating concern, but mechanical agencies precluded the need of many more employes. The stove manufacturers have increased in number, and there is an increase in the amount of cotton goods produced, but there a halt must be called. Three tack manufacturers have gone out of business; one died and there was no person who cared to succeed him; one pulled up stakes and went west only to meet with indifferent success, and another sent away all the help and stopped the machinery until there were signs of better times. The Old Colony iron works at East Taunton has closed up, leaving a deserted village behind, and one or two smaller concerns have started within the ten years to worry along with little or no encouragement and flicker out at large expense to the stockholders. Two new silver plating works have been started; one broke down at the end of a year or two, with many mourners, and started afresh with new life and more capital, and another began in a small way—Reed, Barton & Co.—and still plods along serenely. But there has been no encouragement given it. The locomotive business here has proved a flat failure during the past year, money having been lost by the manufacturers, and the prospect is that hereafter all of that class of work will be done in the west nearer the base of supplies. The two tack concerns which are still alive are not making any money. That is the condition of affairs here today, and it can be readily seen that nothing attractive awaits the mechanic in this city. The board of trade established here a few years ago is just alive enough for the members to get together once a year and try to forget their shortcomings over a banquet table, but not a new idea is advanced, not a step taken towards the introduction of new enterprises which will help build the city up and add to its valuation and population. The appropriation for the support of the poor made at the beginning of the year, the same amount usually appropriated, is nearly all used up, with nearly five months of the financial year to come, and this gives a fair idea of the number of people who are resting on their oars in enforced idleness. What is needed here primarily is a live board of trade.

The new Emperor William displays great independence of character in his decision and displays a feverish energy which excites apprehension. He gets up in the morning like a day laborer, says a Berlin paper, and never, until bedtime does his energy seem to invite a moment of repose. He manages to review some regiment every day, and, if it is cavalry, he leads the troops himself. He is always at the beck and call of his Ministers, and enjoys sport daily and the final wearisome State dinner with the utmost gusto. The night is well worked up with correspondence and flying orders.

A Sectional Bill.

The Boston Journal, which is doing good work for the cause of the laboring man, a short time since showed up the Mills tariff bill in the following manner:

Mr. Mills professed indignation because the measure which bears his name had been described as a sectional bill, and he claimed that sugar showed the next to the largest reduction in the bill. No such tardy defense as this can explain away the real character of the bill, which is, in its essence, an assault on Northern industries by the Southern Representatives, who framed it, and who furnished five-eighths of the votes for it. The manufacturing interests which are assailed are located almost wholly in the North, and most of the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee are from States where manufactures are virtually nonexistent. Even as regards natural products, those which are raised in the North are openly discriminated against. Will Mr. Mills, or any other advocate of the bill which has just passed the House, explain why that measure contains such discrepancies as the following:

Louisiana sugar	45 per cent. duty
Southern rice	10½ per cent. duty
Northern lumber	no duty
Northern wool	no duty
Northern salt	no duty
Northern beans and peas	no duty
Northern vegetables	no duty
Northern flax (not dressed)	no duty
Northern lime	no duty

Edwin Booth's only daughter, Mrs. Grossman, is petite, with pale, sweet face and child-like manners. She is wholly domestic, absorbed in her husband, children and father. Mr. Grossman is a Hungarian and speaks with a strong foreign accent. He has dark eyes and prematurely gray hair, and is tenderly lover-like to his wife always. The oldest child, Mildred, not yet three, has the Booth eyes and a tragic face even in her babyhood. The baby, seventeen months old, bids fair to astonish the world and the tragic Booth family by becoming a comedian. He astonishes his grandfather even now by his wonderful feats of mimicry.

"I cannot imagine, said an alderman, "why my whiskers should turn gray so much sooner than the hair of my head." "Because," observed a wag, "you have worked so much harder with your jaws than your brains."

Fatal Neglect.

The breaking of the smallest wheel in a mammoth factory, if not repaired or replaced, will ruin the entire plant, as a speck of dust will derange the delicate machinery of a watch. Were people as thoughtful to repair their broken health on the first approach of disease, as the owner is to mend his machinery, they would escape indescribable suffering, and often death. Slight causes will sometimes derange the digestive organs, on whose healthy action the health of the whole system so much depends, and feverish blood, headaches, and consumption itself, set in. The wise person will at once arrest the cause of these unhealthy symptoms, restoring to that world-famed remedy, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which purifies the blood and cures liver disease. Of all druggists.

The Worst Nasal Catarrh,

no matter of how long standing, is absolutely cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It does not merely give relief, but produces permanent cures in the worst cases. 50 cents, by druggists.

Origin of Ear-Rings.

"Every now and then we see paragraphs in the papers inveighing against the alleged barbarity of wearing ear-rings, and stating that the practice of ear-piercing is one fraught with danger to health. As a matter of fact this sort of talk is nonsense. The operation of ear-piercing, when performed by one who understands it and with a proper implement, such as nearly every jeweler possesses, is almost painless and is absolutely without danger. Ear-rings are highly becoming to most women especially so when they help to call attention to a well-shaped ear or gracefully rounded cheek.

"By the way, talking of ear-rings puts me in mind of an Eastern legend which I heard a short time ago about their origin. When Hagar ran away to escape the wrath of Abram's wife, so the story goes, Sara vowed that if her handmaid ever returned she would cause her to be multilated, thinking thus to destroy her beauty and prevent her causing any further domestic infelicity. Time, however, had the effect of so cooling Sara's wrath, then when Hagar came back and pleaded with her she decided to forego her vengeance and restored her ex-handmaid to favor. But an oath was not a thing to be trifled with, and as Sara had solemnly vowed to multilate Hagar, she was in a quandary to know how to do this without injuring her or marring her fair face. Finally she hit upon the expedient of piercing a small hole in each of Hagar's ears, and it is said that Abram, to offset the pretty handmaid's punishment, presented her with two beautiful jewels to suspend from the holes.

"Her appearance thus adorned so excited the admiration of the other women of the tribe that the wearing of ear-rings soon became general among them."—[Jeweler's Weekly.

Literary Note from The Century Co.

For the first time in its history [The Century will devote a single issue—the forthcoming September number—largely to educational themes. The contributions will include "The University and the Bible," by T. T. Munger, a plea for the study of Christian as well as heathen classics; "Women who go to College," by Arthur Gilman, and "The Industrial Idea in Education," by Charles M. Carter. One illustrated paper is on "College Fraternities," with pictures of twenty-eight chapter-houses and society halls at Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and other colleges, and another is on "Uppingham: an Ancient School Worked on Modern Ideas," with a number of illustrations by Joseph Pennell, and a portrait of the late headmaster, Edward Thring, who is said to be, since Arnold of Rugby, the most highly esteemed educator of England. There will also be several important short editorial articles and "open letters" on different branches of the same subject. Other distinctive features of the magazine, the Lincoln history, Siberian papers, fiction, etc., will, however, be retained.

Speculative life at Saratoga began last week with the races. Of course, says a letter writer, everybody in Saratoga wagers money on the races. From the proprietor of the hotel down to the boy who sweeps the street-walks, all are interested in the events at the Saratoga track, and the giver of sure tips is a gentleman who can be found at your elbow wherever you go.

Ayer's Hair Vigor restores color and vitality to weak and gray hair. Through its healing and cleansing qualities, it prevents the accumulation of dandruff and cures all scalp diseases. The best hair-dressing ever made, and by far the most economical.

Show not substance; realities govern wise men.

Pond's Extract for all Pain, and Inflammations is manufactured and bottled by the sole proprietors, *Pond's Extract Co.*, New York and London. See our name on every wrapper and label.

To a gentleman every woman is a lady in right of her sex.—Bulwer.

HAY FEVER.

I have been afflicted with hay fever from early in August until frost. My eyes would run a stream of water and I sneezed continually. I was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like a charm and I can say I am entirely cured.—Mrs. Emeline Johnson, Chester, Conn.

Industry has annexed thereto the fairest fruits and the richest rewards.—Barrow.

I have been for several years a sufferer from hay fever and severe head colds. I have found nothing that can compare with Ely's Cream Balm. I would not be without it for any consideration. It is simply wonderful in its effect upon the nasal organs.—S. A. Burtt, Wilming-ton, N. C.

Praise a man while he lives if he deserves it The good words in his epi-taffy come too late.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF of the Grand Army of the Republic, Major George S. Merrill. Few remedies are better known in this vicinity than Sulphur Bitters: their sale has been very general throughout this section, and the number of reliable and well attested cases of beneficial results and recovery by their use, is large and beyond dispute.

Sometimes a noble failure serves the world as faithfully as a distinguished success.—Dowden.

CURE YOURSELF.

Don't pay large doctors' bills. The best medical book published, 100 pages, elegant colored plates, will be sent to you on receipt of three 2 cent stamps to pay postage. Address A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

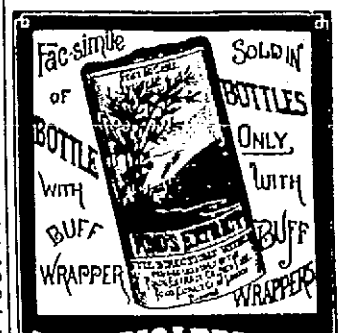
Be brief, for it is with words as with sunbeams, the more they are condensed, the deeper they burn.—Southey.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, by purifying and enriching the blood, improves the appetite, aids the assimilative process, strengthens the nerves, and invigorates the system. It is therefore, the best and most thoroughly reliable alterative that can be found for old and young.

It is not until we have passed through the furnace that we are made to know how much dross there is in our composition.—Colton.

Get rid of that tired feeling as quick as possible. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives strength, a good appetite, and health.

As the sword of the best-tempered steel is the most flexible, so the truly generous are the most pliant and courteous in their behavior to their inferiors.



PAIN DISAPPEARS

Inflammations Vanish, HEMORRHAGES CEASE.

POND'S EXTRACT

POND'S EXTRACT

INVALUABLE FOR BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHŒA, CHAFINGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, PILES, SORE EYES, SORE FEET.

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, (Use with Pond's Extract Ointment,) it is the greatest known remedy.

For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequaled—stopping pain and healing in a marvelous manner.

For Inflamed and Sore Eyes,—Its effect upon these delicate organs is simply marvelous.

All Inflammations and Hemorrhages yield to its wondrous power.

For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, its action upon these is most remarkable.

Caution.—*POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.*

Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75. Sold everywhere.

☞ OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N.Y.

VEGETABLE PAIN DESTROYER

Sciandra's Preserved Natural

Pulque.

(Pronounced Pull-Ke.)

Preserving Works, Apam, Mexico.

It is a *Natural Product*, and is NOT a Patent Medicine.

It is the pure and simple Juice of the Century Plant of Mexico, unadulterated and uncompounded.

IT CURES ALL

KIDNEY TROUBLES,

and is the only known specific for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

In cases of Dyspepsia, Insomnia, Debility, Dropsy, and wasting diseases, it will be found invaluable.

Our Circular gives you the testimony of a score of physicians. Send for one.

Retail Price, 50c. per Quart Bottle.

MEXICAN PULQUE CO.,

U. S. General Offices,) Jersey City, N. J.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

HINDERCORNS.

The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. 15c. at Druggists. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

From its combination of valuable medicines, is superior to the essence of Ginger in the cure of Cramps, Colic, Dyspepsia and Bowel disorders, and is invaluable for all Throat and Lung troubles. Use it without delay if you have Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Weak Lungs. 50c. & $1.

NOTICE

—TO—

TAXPAYERS.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF TAXES,
Newport, R. I., June 30, 1888.

THE TAX BILL for 1888 is now in my hands for collection, and by an ordinance of the City Council must be paid during the months of

JULY and AUGUST.

Taxpayers are therefore respectfully requested to call at the office of the City Treasurer, in the City Hall, up stairs, and settle the amount assessed upon their several estates.

☞ Office hours from 9.30 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WM. J. H. AILMAN,
Collector of Taxes.

6-30-2m

SIMON KOSCHNY,

Vienna Confectioner,

232 THAMES ST., NEWPORT.

Parties supplied with

Wedding Cake, Ice Cream and Sherbets of all Flavors. Also Wine Jellies, Charlotte Russe, and

New Fancy Ice Creams

—IN—

Maroon a la Nugat,
Maroon Pudding,
Maroon Sauce,
Plum Pudding with Sauce,
Nesselrai Pudding with Sauce,
Marasquino de Zara Pudding,
Marasquino Sauce,
Biscuit Glacee,
Neapolitan and Ice Cream
Cakes and all kinds of

Fancy Ices.

☞ Every article sold is made on the premises and warranted absolutely pure.

6-23tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

Newport, R. I., April 2d, 1888.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between William Fludder, William H. Fludder and Alexander J. Fludder, under the firm name of William Fludder & Co., is this day dissolved.

All persons having demands against said firm will present them for payment, and all indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to William H. Fludder, who has authority to act and sign in liquidation.

WM. FLUDDER,
WM. H. FLUDDER,
A. J. FLUDDER.

Newport, R. I., April 13, 1888.

Having purchased the interest of my former partners in the business and firm of Wm. Fludder & Co., I can be found at the old stand in building corner of Bellevue avenue and Catherine street and will be prepared to promptly fill demands for

Plumbing and Plumbing Material

as well as the former business of the late firm.

WM. H. FLUDDER.

P. O. Box 517. 4-14tf.

MRS. BROWN AND MRS. GREEN.

Said Mrs. Brown to Mrs. Green,
What makes your garments look so clean?
No speck or dirt on them is seen
To mar your linen's glossy sheen;
Your woolen dress that was so soiled,
I thought that it was surely spoiled,
Now looks as spick and span as though
It never had been spattered so!
This fine old lace is firm and white;
Your silk hose keep their colors bright;
Your shawl, your gloves, are spotless, too;
That old print gown seems really new!

In vain my laundress boils and rubs
The clothes, and labors at her tubs;
My newest garments soon look worn,
Get streaked and lusterless and torn.
Said Mrs. Green, in turn: My dear,
Poor soap has spoiled your clothes I fear
Compelled your laundress first to boil
Then spend her days in fruitless toil.
My laundress uses IVORY SOAP,
And in its cakes for you there's hope;
What in my clothes so pleases you,
To IVORY SOAP is wholly due.

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory';" they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

WALTER B. HARRINGTON

RESTAURANT

NO. 123 Broad Street,

Opp. Narragansett Hotel,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

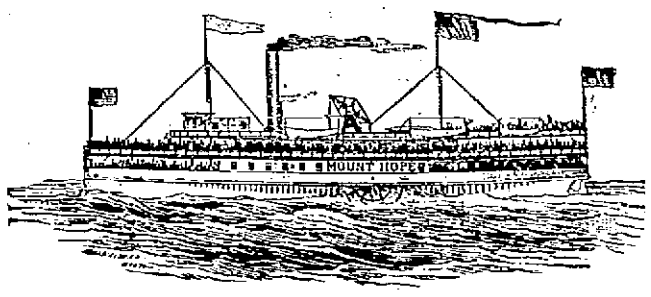
3-31-tf

Fall River and Providence Steamboat Co.

NEWPORT AND BLOCK ISLAND.

SEASON OF 1888.

Commencing Saturday, June 30, and until further notice, the new and magnificent excursion steamer,



MOUNT HOPE

will make excursions from Newport to Block Island every Tuesday, Friday at 10 A. M., and Saturday. Leave Newport from Old Colony Steamboat Co.'s Wharf at 10.45 A. M. Leave Block Island at 3 P. M.

EXCURSION TICKETS 75 CENTS.

ONE WAY FARE 50 CENTS.

CHILDREN UNDER TWELVE YEARS HALF-PRICE.

6-30 D. C. LAWTON, Agent.

YOU CAN BUY

SUGAR CURED HAMS,
SUGAR CURED SHOULDERS,
SUGAR CURED TONGUES,
ANTHONY'S PURE KETTLE RENDERED LARD,

and a full line of fancy and staple groceries, meats, fruits and vegetables, all a low prices, at the

NEW YORK STORE,

COMPLETE GROCERY AND MEAT FURNISHERS,

201 THAMES ST.

Westchester POLO CLUB.

GAMES EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, AT 5 O'CLOCK.

8-4-tf

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the of HERBERT LAWTON, minor, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

WILLIAM J. COZZENS,
Newport, August 18, 1888. Guardian.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE.

THREE AND FOUR YEARS' COURSES.

This School gives thorough and solid instruction in all branches of medicine. The sixteenth year begins Thursday, Oct. 11, 1888. Entrance examinations Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 8 and 9. For announcements send to

8-11-6w T. J. TALBOT, M. D., 66 Marlborough St., Boston.

Newport County News

TIVERTON.

At a meeting of the Town Council held in the Town Hall August 6th, Messrs. Humphrey, Borden, Manchester and Wilcox present, the following business was transacted:

Bills allowed and orders given Job T. Cook, services and expenses as Town Clerk $6.00, Alexander Durfee work on road, district no. 3, $1.50; Benjamin F. Macomber work on road district no. 9, $31.24; James Holden, Police duty, $8.20; Edward M. Dennis, work on road district no. 11, $52.45; James Sloenn, work on road, district no. 7, $14.05; Ann M. Riley, board of Lucy Durfee to August 4th, $12.50; Wm. A. Baldwin, police services, $8.25; Voted that Samuel E. Borden be authorized to employ James Bahill to patrol the N. part of the Fish Road as a police constable at such times as said Borden may deem such services to be necessary. Voted that Peleg D. Humphrey be a committee to ascertain whether we have now any Dog Constable; Voted to allow Ann M. Riley two dollars and fifty cents per week for the board of Lucy Durfee from June 20th 1888 to the present date, and until the said Lucy Durfee shall be sufficiently improved in health to require less care or be removed from the care of said Ann M. Riley. Voted that Peleg D. Humphrey and Samuel E. Borden be a committee to build a vault for the preservation of the Town records, and also to attend to the building of the wall and grading around the Town Hall according to the vote of the town passed April 1st 1885.

Peter Cook and the heirs of Holder N. Wilcox have quit-claimed all their right title and interest in the Bank and Beach called Fort Point or Meeting House Beach to Jennie M. Smith of Tiverton, who has sold the same with buildings thereon, now occupied by Gideon Manchester and family, to Messrs. Meher and Reilly of Taunton, who propose to build a summer cottage on the estate.

William Walworth of Tiverton has sold on private terms to Alice Cahill of Tiverton, about three acres of land situated in the Eagleville Road.

Bailey W. Evans of Providence, has sold to William A. Evans of Freetown, Mass., about 20 acres of pasture and woodland.

Edward E. Hale of Roxbury, has on private terms quit-claimed a certain lot of land situated near the railway station to Annie M. Bowen.

A few days since as Mr. Thomas Manchester of the Crandall Road was coming out of his door yard with two ladies seated in his carriage the horse started before he had time to gather up the reins and running against the hitching post threw the occupants of the carriage into the road severely injuring them. Mr. Manchester had three of his ribs broken, and it is feared, hurt internally, one lady had her collar bone broken, the other her face badly cut.

A library meeting was held in Good Templars Hall, Friday evening, which it is hoped will result in having a Free library at Tiverton 4-Corners, the meeting was adjourned until Nov. 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Hubbard, Mr. W. W. Jackson and Mrs. M. A. Winslow all of Providence, are amongst the arrivals at "Riverside" the residence of Isaac G. White.

George Potter of Prudence Island who has been spending several weeks in town, returned to his home Tuesday morning.

Mrs. William P. Bateman is in town.

[illegible] of Bowenville is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. William H. Cevoll.

Mrs. Borden Durfee of Fall River, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Manchester.

Misses Lily and Jessie Jewett and Master Russell Jewett of Cambridgeport, are on a visit to their grandmother, Mrs. Edward Cory.

Mr. Edward Gray of Lynn, arrived by the Queen City Saturday evening to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Otis A. Gray.

About 175 excursionists chiefly members of the Stone Church and Congregational Church Sabbath Schools started on Tuesday morning for a day's pleasure at Rocky Point.

LITTLE COMPTON.

On Friday evening August 10th Miss Mamie S. Wordell, youngest daughter of Mr. Borden Wordell, of Little Compton was united in marriage to Emerson F. Ash, the enterprising young grain dealer of Punkatese Neck, Tiverton 4-Corners. The happy couple have the hearty congratulations of all their friends.

MIDDLETOWN.

The Sunday school of the Middletown M. E. church will have a picnic on Wednesday Aug. 22, at Mr. Arthur W. Chase's residence on the West Main road. All the people of the town are cordially invited.

The Middletown Cavalcade will meet at the town hall on Saturday evening, August 24 at 7.30 P. M. for the purpose of arranging for their annual clambake. A full attendance is desired.

PORTSMOUTH.

The monthly meeting of the Court of Probate and Town Council was held in Town Hall, on Monday.

PROBATE BUSINESS—The first account of the administratrix on the estate of Carmi Harrington was received and referred with order of notice.

The last will and testament of Elizabeth T. Coggeshall was approved and ordered recorded, and Albert S. Walker qualified as executor thereof, and Daniel B. Almy, James Manning Sisson and William D. C. Main were appointed appraisers of the estate of said Elizabeth T. Coggeshall.

A petition of the administratrix on the estate of Carmi Harrington, deceased, for license to sell real estate was received and referred to second Monday in September next.

AS TOWN COUNCIL.—The following bills were allowed and orders given for payment of same from the Town's Treasury; to Overseers of Highways, Colby C. Mitchell in district no. 8, $71.20; Charles H. Dyer, in district no. 10, $50; Benj. S. Anthony, in district no. 6, $91.12; William H. Gardner, in district no. 3, $83.20; Asa Cory, in district no. 1, $49.95; Philip B. Chase, for relief of outside poor, $22.50; same for bounties paid on minks and skunks, $6.50. The surveyor of highways in district no. 13 was allowed the sum of $50 to be expended for repairs on the Sandy Point road, as soon as may be.

R. P. Manchester Council Fees present session $2.50.

Wednesday the day chosen for the annual bake of the Christian church, proved all that could be desired, and a large party assembled at Southwick's Grove to enjoy it, and its accompaniments. Everything proved of the first class save the clams which would have done so, had they been cooked a little more, nevertheless they were all consumed, and the sales from the fancy department were very good, and the church's treasury well replenished.

The social at Oakland Hall was largely attended, and a very pleasant time was the news from all quarters. At the close it was announced that a third social would be given, in two weeks, in the said hall.

BLOCK ISLAND.

A sad death occurred here August 10th, J. E. Hutchinson, a young man from Hartford, Conn., went in bathing that morning, and after remaining in for a long time, started to come out, when he met friends who were about to go in, and decided to accompany them. He was standing in eighteen inches of water, and had just greeted an acquaintance, when he suddenly fell forward unconscious. The beach was thronged with people, and his fall attracted the attention of hundreds. He was immediately raised, but gave only a few convulsive twitches and a groan or two, when all motion ceased. All that could be done was done, but his life was extinct. The physicians say that his death was caused by apoplexy or heart disease.

On Monday Messrs. Miner and Thatcher, at Southeast Pond, each took a sea bass, the prize of the former weighing 28½ pounds and that of the latter 23½ pounds.

On Tuesday evening Mr. George Riddle read in Ocean View Music Hall. His reading elicited much applause, yet one could not avoid the feeling that if the pieces had not been so interesting the reader would not have held the attention of his audience very closely.

At the Spring House the waiters gave a benefit entertainment of great interest, presenting a varied programme, of which the best part was the singing of Mr. Digby Bell, of New York, which was of a high order. A goodly sum was realized.

New England Items.

RHODE ISLAND.

Dr. William Grosvenor, a prominent citizen of Providence, died in Bethlehem, N. H., August 10. He was a native of Killingly, Conn. He was graduated from Yale College, and from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. In 1837 he went to Providence. He was first a practicing physician, then a wholesale druggist, and finally embarked in business. He established and owned the factories at Grosvenordale, Conn., which are perhaps the largest for the manufacture of cotton textiles in Connecticut.

The residence of George C. Robinson, a retired merchant who lives at Wakefield, was entered by burglars, one night last week. Entrance was effected by removing a pane of glass from a piazza window, and the entire job was done without arousing the inmates of the house. Silverware valued at upwards of $500 was stolen. No trace of robbers, either who they were or where they came from, has been obtained.

A bass which weighed thirty-eight pounds was recently caught at Block Island, by Hon. F. W. Minor, of Providence.

Lawrence Jerome, a wealthy man who had become prominently identified with sporting matters, and well-known in this city, died at Sharon, Conn., Aug. 12.

In Woonsocket, the rate of taxation is $13 on each $1,000 of ratable property.

The will of the late Ira B. Peck, of Woonsocket, probated last Tuesday, leaves the following public bequests for Rhode Island: To the Cumberland cemetery the income of $1,000 and to the Elder Ballou cemetery $1,000 to be expended under the direction of the Cumberland Town Council; R. I. Historical Society, Providence, $1,000 to bind books and preserve ancient newspapers; Woonsocket Hospital, $1,000; Universalist Sabbath School, of that city, $1,000 for books.

The typhoid fever epidemic, at Bristol, appears to have reached its height. Vigorous measures are being taken to improve the sanitary condition of the town.

Phelps again Suffers by Fire.

The stables of William Walter Phelps have been burned. Loss $15,000. But three months ago his house at the same place was destroyed.

New Advertisements

—THE—

Young People's Society of the First Baptist Church

will hold a

LAWN FESTIVAL

on the CHURCH GROUNDS,

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21 and 22.

DINNER from 12 M. to 3 P. M.
SUPPER from 5 to 8 P. M.
EACH DAY.

Salads, cold meats, ice cream, etc. Kauffs Fish Chowder at 12 o'clock Wednesday. Especial sale of fancy articles, dolls, large variety of Aprons, Home-made candies, flowers, etc.

Admission to grounds . 10c.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

All traveling expenses included.

Parties will leave Boston Monday, September 10 and Monday, October 8, for Two Grand Trips direct to

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

These trips are intended for persons who desire to reach Southern California by a direct route and as expeditiously as may be consistent with perfect comfort. The halts by the way are intended for rest. The trips will be carried out upon the same plan that has made our winter excursions of the past few years so acceptable and popular, and ticket holders will possess all the advantages given in connection with the later excursions in the season of 1887-88. The tickets supply every needed comfort during the transits to and from California, including sleeping-car accommodations, meals, transfers, and board at hotels, but leave the holders to dispose of their time in California in accordance with their own preferences. All travel in Palace Sleeping Cars. The Return Tickets good until July 1889, with a choice of Five Different Routes Eastward from San Francisco or Los Angeles.

In addition to the above, parties will leave September 10 for the Yellowstone National Park, the Pacific Northwest and California, and "Around the Circle" in Colorado; and October 8 for the Pacific Northwest and California and for Colorado. Also Eighteen Autumn Trips to popular Northern and Eastern Resorts during the month of September.

W. RAYMOND. I. A. WHITCOMB.

☞Send for descriptive circular, (designating the particular trip desired.)

W. RAYMOND,
296 Washington St., (opp. School St.), Boston, Mass 8-18-2t

A. C. Landers' Column.

TENTS

of all sizes.

CANOPIES

—AND—

Japanese Tents

RENTED, LIGHTED AND DECORATED.

Piazzas Enclosed

—WITH—

White or Striped Canvas, or Turkey Red.

Camp Chairs

Rented, with a large variety of

Teekwood

—AND—

Japanese

LANTERNS.

Reflecting Lanterns

—FOR—

LAWNS

—AND—

CARRIAGE RUNS.

—FINE—

PIANO and VASE

* LAMPS *

Rented in reasonable terms at

A. C. Landers',

167 Thames St.

Covell's Blk.

New Advertisements.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

All traveling expenses included.

A party will leave Boston Monday, September 10, for a Grand Tour of Sixty-eight Days to the

Yellowstone National Park

—AND—

Across the Continent.

This trip includes in addition to a thorough sight-seeing round among the wonders of the National Park, a complete tour of the Pacific Northwest and California, extending from Victoria, the capital of British Columbia, to San Diego—over 1500 miles. Return Tickets good until July, 1889.

A party will leave Monday, October 8, for a Grand Tour of Sixty-one days to the Pacific Northwest and through California.

Parties will leave September 10 and October 8 for Southern California direct (via Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad); and on the same dates for Colorado. Also Eighteen Trips in September to Eastern resorts.

W. RAYMOND, I. A. WHITCOMB.

☞Send for descriptive circular (designating particular trips desired).

W. RAYMOND,
296 Washington street, (opp. School St.), Boston, Mass. 8-16-2t

Yacht Races

FOR THE CITIZENS' CUPS

On the Goelet Cup Courses off Newport,

MONDAY, AUG. 20

STEAMER

MOUNT HOPE

will leave Newport from the O. C. S. B. Co.'s wharf at 2.30 P. M. and remain with and follow the yachts as long as time will permit. Boat leaves Newport for Fall River at 6.50 P. M. Sure to see the best part and almost sure to see the grand finish: ALL THE YACHTS OVER THE LINE.

TICKETS - - - - $1.00.

8-18-1t D. C. LAWTON, Agent.

Farm for Sale.

The farm belonging to the late George Anthony situated in the town of Portsmouth on the east main road about half way between the Union and the Friends' Meeting Houses. Said farm is bounded on three sides by a public road, has a school-house in what was originally a part of the farm, has a never-failing well of water, and is on one of the highest points of land on the Island. For further particulars inquire of JOSEPH S. ANTHONY,
8-11-2w Administrator.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 6, A. D. 1888.

LEVI JOHNSON, Executor of the last will and testament of

CATHARINE A. FISH,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on the estate of said deceased and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 27th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
3-11 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 6, A. D. 1888.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of William H. Stanhope and Francis Stanhope, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

JOHN T. STANHOPE,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to Samuel Sterry, of Newport, or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 27th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-11 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 6, A. D. 1888.

ON THE PETITION in writing, of Mary Quinn, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

MARTIN QUINN,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to Patrick Nolan, or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 27th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-11 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 6, 1888.

GEORGE GRAHAM, Executor of the last will and testament of

WILLIAM OHAN,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his final account of administration on the estate of said deceased and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 27th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-11 Probate Clerk.

NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATRIX

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Honorable Court of Probate of Newport, Administratrix on the estate of JOHN MAHER, late of Newport, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to her. MARY MAHER,
Newport, August 11, 1888. Administratrix.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the persons and estates of MARY A., MARGARET L., KATY E. and LILLIE A. MAHER, minors, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estates to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to her.

MARY MAHER,
Newport, August 11, 1888. Guardian.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of JOHN H. CASE, of full age, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

BENJAMIN F. CASE,
Newport, August 11, 1888. Guardian.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Honorable Court of Probate of Newport, Executor of the last will and testament of MARY LANGLEY, late of Newport, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to him.

GEORGE W. SWINBURNE,
Newport, R. I., August 4, 1888. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Honorable Court of Probate of Newport, Administrator on the estate of ANNIE CASE, late of Newport, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to him.

C. LOUIS LAWTON,
Newport, August 4, 1888. Administrator.

New Advertisements.

—BY—

THOS. BURLINGHAM,

Aquidneck Hall, 83 Mill Street,

AUCTIONEER,

Storage for furniture, pianos, oil paintings etc., household furniture. Bankrupt stocks and job lots of merchandise bought for cash. Sale every Thursday at 10 A. M. 11-11-1y

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate at Public Auction.

On MONDAY, SEPT. 3, 1888, at 12 o'clock M.

Will be sold the estate of the late John H. Langley, dec'd., No. 23 John street, containing 2-story dwelling-house and 5000 feet of land, good well of water and cistern, also cellar. First class locality. THOS. BURLINGHAM,
8-18-3t Auctioneer.

Thos. Burlingham, Auctioneer.
83 Mill Street.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION,

$50,000 worth of

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

Silks, Satins, Plushes and Brocatelles

—ON—

MONDAY and TUESDAY,

AUGUST 20th & 21st,

AT 11 A. M. EACH DAY.

These goods are all of new and beautiful designs, the property of a large Boston house and sold by order of the surviving partner.

Exhibition on Saturday, August 18th.
8-15-1t

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 13, 1888.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Julia A. Cranston, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

CATHERINE M. CRANSTON,

late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to her or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 3d day of September, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-13 Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, August 13, 1888.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Mary O. Cooper, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of

ANN ELIZABETH MORRELL,

late of said Newport deceased, intestate, may be granted to Michael Cottrell or some other suitable person;

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 3d day of September, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-13 Probate Clerk.

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Honorable Court of Probate of Newport, Executrix of the last will and testament of GEORGE W. S. WHITE, late of Newport, deceased, and having been qualified according to law, requests all persons having demands to present them, and all indebted to make payment to her. SOPHRONIA WHITE,
Newport, August 13, 1888. Executrix.

Court of Probate, City of Newport, July 30, 1888.

GRANT P. TAYLOR, Executor of the last will and testament of

ELIZABETH L. TAYLOR,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on the estate of said deceased, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 20th day of August, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK,
8-4 Probate Clerk.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of Portsmouth, R. I., guardian of the estates of ELIZABETH B. POTTER, GEORGE W. POTTER, ALFRED POTTER and SETH E. POTTER, respectfully request all persons having claims against said estates, or either of them, to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to

CHARLES R. POTTER,
8-4 Guardian.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., Guardian of the person and estate of PHILIP CASWELL, minor son of Philip Caswell, Junior, deceased, and has duly qualified himself as such Guardian, by giving bond to said Court. All persons having demands against the estate of said minor, are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to

WILLIAM ALLAN,
Newport, R. I., July 21, 1888-6w Guardian.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been chosen by HOWARD R. PECKHAM, minor son of Alanson Peckham, deceased, as the Guardian of his estate, which choice has been approved by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., and the undersigned has duly qualified himself as such Guardian by giving bond to said Court. All persons having demands against the estate of said Howard, are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto to make payment to

JETHRO J. PECKHAM,
Guardian.

Middletown, R. I. July 21, 1888-6w

Snowblack

TRADE MARK

This is the Stockin'
That ne'er is crockin'
Wi' washin' & walkin'—
The Snowblack Stockin'

The SNOWBLACK are the best black Half-Hose in the market. They are of a fast and enduring color, soft and glossy, and so dyed as not to be tender.

The SNOWBLACK are SHAWKNIT, which are the best-fitting and most comfortable of Half-Hose.

FOR SALE BY

Newport One Price Clothing Co., Martin E. Bennett, and the trade generally.

Shaw Stocking Co., Lowell, Mass.

5-26-3m